Morning Oregonian.

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The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK, Proprietor.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning, except Sunday, and delivered by carriers to subscribers in Portland at 25 cents a week. Single copies, 10 cents. By Mail or Express, to any part of the State at **$10 per annum in advance; $6 for six months; $3 for three months.**

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THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN, containing a selection of the best articles in the Daily, will be published every Saturday morning, and forwarded by Mail to any part of the State at $3 per annum, $2 for six months, and $1 for three months, in advance.

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Refers to Professors L. C. Lane, M. D., and Edwin Bentley, M. D., San Francisco; Rev. T. L. Eliot, Messrs. Estes & Stimson, Portland, and over 1,000 patients who have been treated by him.

ARTIFICIAL EYES INSERTED.

se9dawtf

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Has removed his office to

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DR. H. M'KINNELL

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Those preferring this MILD, EFFICIENT MEDICAL TREATMENT can consult him at his Office, on Fourth street, fronting the Public Square. Ten Years' Practice in Oregon enables him to treat successfully diseases peculiar to the climate.

Portland, Jan. 10, 1864. dtf

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Particular attention given to the use of Electricity as a Remedial Agent. jan13dtf

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OFFICE—In Patton's Brick, State St., Salem, Oregon. dtf

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Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law.

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OFFICE—In Parrish's Brick, south side Washington street, between Front and First, Portland, Oregon.

JOHN C. CARTWRIGHT,

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Notary Public for Oregon, and Commissioner of Deeds for the States of California, New York and New York and Washington & Idaho Territories.

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ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS-AT-LAW,

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Office—Odd Fellows Temple, No. 101 First St., Portland. ja10 Particular attention paid to collections. tf

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OFFICE—Corner Front and Washington Sts., up stairs, (over Stitzel & Upton). my3 dtf

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JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

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PHONOGRAPHIC REPORTER,

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EXTRA FAMILY, CHEMICAL OLIVE, DETERSIVE, EUREKA ERASIVE AND PALE

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No. 9 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

The highest cash price paid for Tallow and Grease. au30d1m

DONNERBERG & BARRETT,

154 First St., bet. Morrison & Yamhill,

Plumbers, Gas & Steam Fitters.

Agents for Hooker's Double Acting Lift and Force Pumps. Also, Agents for Keep's Patent Globe Pump. ap12dtf

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FURTHER REDUCTIONS IN PRICE, MAKING IT the cheapest Machinery Oil.

GEO. L. STORY, 45 Front street.

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THE GREAT OVERLAND ROUTE!

Carrying the U. S. Mails,

TO

San Francisco and the East.

PASSENGERS WILL LEAVE PORTLAND DAILY by the OREGON AND CALIFORNIA RAILROAD connecting at the Terminus with the

OREGON AND CALIFORNIA STAGE CO'S COACHES

For Tehama, there connecting with the Central Pacific Railroad for San Francisco, and at the Junction for the East, thereby saving one day's travel from San Francisco to New York.

Travelers by this Route have only THREE DAYS staging and a fine opportunity for witnessing the grandest scenery in the country.

In every respect this line is first class—Road in fine condition, Stock and Coaches not equaled by any other road in the United States.

Time from Portland to San Francisco, Four Days.

Tickets for sale at the Stage Company's Office; also, at the Office of the Oregon and California Railroad.

B. G. WHITEHOUSE, Agent.

OFFICE—With Portland Gas Light and Water Company, next door to Ladd & Tilton's Bank, Stark street. s1adtfip

The West Side Stage COMPANY.

THE STAGES OF THE WEST SIDE Stage Company leave their Office on STARK STREET, and the OCCIDENTAL HOTEL, daily at 5½ A. M.,

Carrying the United States Mail and Wells, Fargo & Co's Express.

PASSING THROUGH

HILLSBORO, FOREST GROVE, Lafayette, McMinnville, Amity, DALLAS, MONMOUTH, INDEPENDENCE, BUENA VISTA, AND CORVALLIS.

B. G. WHITEHOUSE, Agent.

N. B.—The Stage Company will receive orders for light freight from parties living in above towns, forwarded only through Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

Portland, July 8, 1870.

COLUMBIA RIVER & PUGET SOUND Daily Stage Line.

Carrying U. S. Mail and Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

CONNECTING WITH STEAMERS AT OLYMPIA for Victoria and towns on the Sound and at Monticello with O. S. N. Co.'s Steamers for Portland.

Passengers wishing to connect with steamers on the Sound should leave Portland on Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Private conveyances can be procured by writing or telegraphing to Monticello.

For further particulars enquire of

au10dtf COGGAN & CO.

Banks.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

ESTABLISHED, 1859.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND ACCOUNTS KEPT subject to Check or Draft.

INTEREST allowed on TIME DEPOSITS or TRUST FUNDS in sums of **One Dollar and upwards from Date of Deposit.**

MONEY LOANED on approved Security.

BONDS, STOCKS and other valuables received on **Deposit for safe keeping.**

COLLECTIONS made, and proceeds promptly remitted.

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SIGHT and Telegraphic Exchange on San Francisco and the Atlantic States for sale.

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AGENTS for the transaction of all kinds of **Financial and Trust Business.**

THE BANK

OF

BRITISH COLUMBIA

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid-up Capital ... $1,562,500,

WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO

$10,000,000.

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AGENCIES,

IN NEW YORK, CANADA, SCOTLAND & IRELAND.

Exchange for sale on

England, Ireland, Scotland, New York & Canada.

INTEREST ALLOWED on TIME DEPOSITS at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards.

Approved Bills discounted or Collected. Loans made on available collaterals.

jy1dtf EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.

Fire Insurance.

UNION Insurance Company

OF SAN FRANCISCO.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE,

CAPITAL STOCK, Fully Paid in Gold Coin	$750,000 00
SURPLUS, Gold Coin	287,390 75
Total Am't in Capital and Surplus	$1,037,390 75

Assets in Gold 30th June, 1871:

LOANS on Real Estate and Collaterals	$799,000 00
United States and other Stocks	66,073 85
Real Estate (416 and 418 California St., San Francisco)	90,500 00
Cash Items and other Assets	81,816 90
	$1,037,390 75

$50,000 DEPOSITED IN OREGON.

Losses Promptly and Equitably Adjusted and Paid in Gold Coin.

GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President.

CHAS. D. HAVEN, Secretary.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF PORTLAND,

General Agent for Oregon and the Territories.

EDWIN D. BACKENSTOS, Special Agent.

WARRANTED.—HOME SHUTTLE SEWING Machine combines the advantages of all others—Straight Needle, Under Feed—"Lock Stitch." Warranted to give satisfaction. Latest Improved, simple, durable. Complete $35—Payable in Installments—$10 per month. Every family can afford one. Remember the place.

GEO. W. TRAVER, General Agent, 112 Front St., Philadelphia Shoe Store, Portland, Oregon. au28dawtf

River Steamers.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO'S NOTICE!

BOATS OF THE COMPANY WILL leave Portland as follows:

FOR DALLES—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 5 o'clock A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M.

FOR MONTICELLO—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock A. M.

n17dtf J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

HO, FOR THE EAST.

The Quickest Route and Cheapest Route.

THE OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Line of Steamers,

Connecting with the

NORTH WESTERN STAGE CO.'S Line of New Concord Coaches,

At UMATILLA, and intersecting the

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAIL ROAD AT KELTON, UTAH,

NOW FORMS THE ONLY DIRECT, Shortest, Quickest and Cheapest Route to the East, and passes over the most beautiful and most interesting portion of the PACIFIC COAST.

The natural beauties of the COLUMBIA RIVER, GRAND RONDE VALLEY, BOISE VALLEY, SNAKE RIVER and "SHOSHONE FALLS," must be seen to be appreciated; no pen can describe them.

Time through to Chicago, only Nine days

Rates of Fare:

From	First Class	Second Class
Portland to Omaha	$130 00	$116 00
" Chicago	141 00	128 50

Passengers for Chicago can take either the "Chicago and Northwestern," "Chicago, Burlington and Quincy," or the "Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific" Railroads at Omaha.

THROUGH TICKETS now on Sale at the Office of the **O. S. N. Co.**, and at the Office of the O. & C. STAGE CO., Stark street. my18dtf

Railroads.

OREGON & CALIFORNIA R. R. CO.

NO. 13. TIME SCHEDULE. NO. 13.

TO TAKE EFFECT SUNDAY, JUNE 25TH, 1871, at 6:25 o'clock A. M.—for the government and information of employes only; the Company reserve the right to vary therefrom as circumstances may require.

Daily Trains will run between

PORTLAND AND HARRISBURG

AS FOLLOWS:

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	7:30 A. M.	Harrisburg	6:05 P. M.
"	1:30 P. M.	Harrisburg	8:00 P. M.
Harrisburg	6:25 A. M.	Portland	1:00 P. M.
Harrisburg	8:10 A. M.	"	6:00 P. M.

The 1:30 P. M. Train from Portland, and the 6:25 A. M. Train from Harrisburg are Passenger Trains and run Daily.

The 7:30 A. M. Train from Portland and the 8:10 A. M. Train from Harrisburg are Freight Trains (with Passenger Cars attached) and run Daily (except Sunday).

Oregon & California R. R. Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.

Close connections are made at HARRISBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

Tickets for sale over the Stage Line to the below given points:

In OREGON—Eugene City, Oakland, Roseburg, Jacksonville.

In CALIFORNIA—Yreka, Butteville, Soda Springs, Sacramento Ferry, Pitt River, Red Bluff, Tehama, Shasta, Callahan's Ranch, Fort Jones.

Tickets for sale at Company's Office,

Cor. F and Front sts., at the Ferry Landing, Portland.

H. THIELSEN, Gen'l Supt.

J. C. HILDRETH, Ass't Supt.

E. P. ROGERS, Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

s29dtf

FARE REDUCED.

OREGON & CALIFORNIA RAILROAD

ON AND AFTER MAY 5TH THE RATES OF FARE will be as follows:

Portland to Oregon City	$ 75
" " Salem	2 50
" " Albany	4 00

E. P. ROGERS, General Ticket Agent.

my5dtf

THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The Great Central Iowa Short Line

OVERLAND ROUTE,

With its Connections East and West, is the

Shortest, Quickest and Best Route

BETWEEN THE

Pacific and Atlantic,

VIA

Des Moines, Rock Island and Chicago.

THE ONLY ROUTE CARRYING THE THROUGH OVERLAND LETTER MAIL! making close and reliable connections at **OMAHA** with trains arriving from the West by

THE CENTRAL AND UNION PACIFIC RAILROADS AND AT CHICAGO

With all FAST EXPRESS TRAINS East, North & South.

The most Elegantly Furnished PARLOR SLEEPING CARS ever used on any Railroad are now built, owned, and run by this Co. between Omaha and Chicago.

Through Tickets to all points East can be obtained at OREGON & CALIFORNIA R. R. OFFICE, Portland, Oregon.

At COMPANY'S OFFICE, 208 Montgomery Street, San Francisco, and at C. P. R. R. offices in San Francisco and Sacramento.

Be Sure Your Tickets Read via Rock Island.

A. M. SMITH, General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

HUGH RIDDLE, Gen'l Sup't, Chicago.

A. L. WAIT, Gen'l Ag't for Pacific States, San Francisco.

oc21dtf

NEW MEDICAL WORK.

"THE PHILOSOPHY OF MARRIAGE,"

FOR THE

DEBILITATED NERVOUS SYSTEM.

DR. LOUIS J. JORDAN,

THE PROFESSOR OF THE ANATOMICAL MUSEUM, Montgomery street, near California, San Francisco, has published four of his most important and instructive lectures in a neat volume for those who cannot attend the lectures delivered at the Museum. Every Unmarried and Married man should read and study these important Lectures for the good of himself and offspring.

By addressing the Secretary of the Anatomical Museum, San Francisco, enclosing 25 cents in postage stamps, to pay postage, the Book will be forwarded to any part of the States and Territories. my2dly1p

ARCHITECT & SURVEYOR.

MR. ANDREW KIDD

BEGS TO INFORM THE CITIZENS OF PORTLAND that he intends to commence the business of

Architect and Surveyor.

In this city, and is now ready to undertake whatever may be intrusted to him on the most reasonable terms.

OFFICE—At the International Hotel. s12d2w

FOR FRENCH COOKING RANGES

OF ANY REQUIRED SIZE,

Send direct to the Manufacturers,

JOHN G. ILS, 623 Washington street, San Francisco.

Directions how to set them sent with every one sold. jy7d3m1p

By Overland Telegraph.

[DISPATCHED TO THE OREGONIAN.]

EASTERN DATES TO SEPT. 22.

EASTERN STATES.

The Tammany Thieves.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—The Joint Committee of citizens and aldermen met to-day. The Special Committee appointed to investigate the city debt and accounts reported a statement of all the stocks and bonds of the city, from which it appears that the total amount is $116,707,858, less securities held by commissioners, and cash in the hands of Chamberlain, $19,422,333, leaving a net debt of $97,287,525. The committee of seventy will probably become a permanent organization to look after the interests of the city.

Mary Conway, servant of Edwin Haggarty, Keeper of the Court House, with his wife, and Chas. Batch, his assistant, were arrested to day on a charge of stealing vouchers from the Comptroller's office, is the witness on whose statement Connolly had warrants issued. Her statement is positive that Haggarty on the Sunday of the robbery brought a lot of papers out of the Comptroller's office, and put them in the kitchen range where they were burned. She also states that men whom she did not know carried away a case full of what appeared to be papers similar to those burned by Haggarty. The girl has mysteriously disappeared, and cannot now be found. Mr. Haggarty appeared before Justice Dowling to day, and was represented by the eminent lawyer, John Graham, who said he had been sent to defend him. Haggerty is also under indictment for fraud as Inspector of Election. He was formerly a member of the old Board of Councilmen. An examination of the ashes from the range in Haggerty's apartment in the Court House, discovered fragments of vouchers in such a condition that figures could be made out.

Butler Defeated.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 21.—Returns show the election of 605 delegates to the Republican State Convention. The majority against Butler is 167.

RICHMOND, Sept. 21.—A body of colored men applied to the Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance of Virginia for a charter to organize a Division. The application will be refused.

A Governor Departed.

LITTLE ROCK, Sept. 21.—Gen. Bowen, late Justice of the Supreme Court, who was recently appointed Governor of Idaho, has resigned.

Stocks in New York.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—Stocks—W. U. Tel., 64¼; Quicksilver, 15¼; Mariposa, 11¼; Preferred 22; W. P., 51; Pacific Mail, 50½.

WASHINGTON CITY.

The Ku-Klux Committee.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—The Congressional Ku-Klux Committee met to-day. The sub-Committee of three, consisting of Senator Pool and Representatives Beck and Buckley, heretofore appointed to make a digest of the responses of the executive officers in the late insurrectionary States, and the cities of Charleston and New Orleans, were reappointed with authority to procure additional official information and report to the joint committee a digest of the election laws of the several States; also a digest of the debts of these States and the ratio of taxation therein. The chairman was directed to appoint a sub-Committee of five to visit North and South Carolina, Georgia and Florida, and a similar committee to visit Tennessee, Alabama and Mississippi and take testimony. It was decided unnecessary to send a sub Committee to Texas, Louisiana, Virginia or Arkansas. Witnesses from the latter State will be examined to-morrow relative to alleged frauds by ex-Governor Clayton and others in the Congressional election last fall.

Masonic Matters.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 21.—The General Grand Royal Arch Chapter of Masons of the United States held a session to-day. The session was official and secret. The following officers were elected for the ensuing three years: J. H. Drummond, of Maine, General Grand High Priest; E. H. English of Arkansas, Deputy General Grand High Priest; C. H. Ohr of Maryland, General Grand Lainge (?); Charles Marsh of Iowa, General Grand Scribe; John McClellan of Massachusetts, General Grand Treasurer; C. G. Fox of New York, General Grand Secretary; Joseph Yester of Wisconsin, Grand Chaplain of the Host; D. C. Bankins, of Florida, Grand Royal Arch Chapter.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 21.—The weather was most favorable for the procession of Knights Templar to day. It numbered about 6,000. To night the grand banquets are given to the Grand Encampment of the United States by the Grand Commandery of Maryland, at Maryland Institute, Concordia Opera House, Masonic Temple, new Assembly rooms, and the headquarters of the different Baltimore Commanderies.

The Commandery awarded the Detroit Commandery No. 1, a silver service, presented by Battersby (Baltimore) Commandery No. 2, for the greatest proficiency in drill.

The Grand Encampment of the United States to-day elected the following: Most Eminent Grand Master, J. Q. Fellows of New Orleans; Right Eminent Deputy Grand Master, James H. Hopkins of Pittsburg; Very Eminent Grand Generalissimo, V. L. Hurlburt of Chicago; Capt. General, Benjamin Dean, Boston; Very Eminent Grand Senior Warden, Irving M. Smith of East Saginaw; Very Eminent Grand Junior Warden, N. G. Patton of Meriden, Miss.; Grand Treasurer, J. W. Simmons of New York; Grand Recorder, T. S. Parvine of Iowa City.

Judge W. Taylor, Delegate from Texas, died to-night.

WEST INDIES.

Effects of an Earthquake.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Sept. 21.—The telegraph cable to the Island of St. Kitts, has been injured by an earthquake which inflicted such damage on the Island of Tortola that 7,000 persons were rendered houseless.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Miscellaneous European News.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—Bullion in the Bank of England has decreased £659,000; consols, 93; money, ⅜ for accounts.

BERLIN, Sept. 21.—Odo Russell, newly appointed British Embassador to the German Empire has arrived.

The German Reichstag will meet on the 15th of October.

VERSAILLES, Sept. 21.—Thiers was presented by King Amadeus of Spain with the Order of the Golden Fleece.

Thiers held a lengthy interview to-day with Von Arnim upon the subject of the delayed treaty between France and Germany.

Rochefort's trial is concluded. He is sentenced by a court martial to transportation to a penal colony for life.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—The Congress of Internationals commenced to-day. Delegates from Italy, Spain, France, Belgium, Germany and Switzerland are present. Carlmer presides. The object of the meeting is to arrange definite action on the continent.

POLITICAL NOTES.

Pennsylvania Democrats, who are pushing Hancock for the nomination for President, are called "Hancockracy,"—the term being applied by some disgusted brethren of the "Peace Democracy" who don't like Hancock because he took part in the war on the wrong side.

Mayor Hall's fellow thieves in New York are getting up an association to bear his name, and asks those who "approve his past public services" to join. The *Times* thinks his "public services" do "deserve recognition," especially the service he did when he put his name on the back of fraudulent warrants for over thirteen million dollars!

The Oregon City *Enterprise* is extremely anxious to learn whether the litigant law in California will be repealed or not. Doubtful; since it appears that the Democrats, by reason of so many Senators holding over, have two majority in that branch of the Legislature, but the House, which is strongly Republican, will beyond question, pass a repealing act.

OREGON.

The Linn county fair opens on Tuesday next.

The *Statesman* urges an organized movement to assist immigrants in finding homes.

The price paid for wheat at Albany during the week has been $1 12½. Great quantities are coming in.

Joseph Sellwood has given up his position as Principal of the Grammar School at Oregon City, on account of ill health.

The discussion announced in the Eugene papers to come off at that place on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday last, between Rev. Mr. Hammond and Mr. Underwood of Boston, was on the following points: Was the coming of Christ foretold? Was Christ superhuman? Did Christ arise from the dead.

THE TERRITORIES.

The Kalama *Beacon* hears of only three cases of sickness among about one thousand men employed on the railroad.

The grand jury at Port Townsend has found a true bill of indictment against Charles Watts for the murder of Hibbard on San Juan Island.

The other day a stick of timber eighty feet long and twenty-five inches square, free from knot, spot or blemish of any kind, was sawed at Seattle.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

General Canby was at Victoria on Tuesday last. He was intending to remain till Friday.

A large new hotel for the accommodation of travelers is to be erected at Nanaimo.

At Burrard Inlet a little son of C. H. Courtney, three years of age, was drowned by falling from a balcony into the bay.

Strange to tell, the water at the Big Bend of the Columbia is said to be high, higher than ever known at this season of the year.

A spirited canvass is being prosecuted for the election of members to the Colonial Legislature. The principal "issue" seems to be a quarrel between the Victoria papers as to which has the latest dispatches,—so we judge by the tone of those papers.

A special meeting of the Victoria Common Council was held a few days ago to consider an article in the *Colonist* charging the Councillors with corruption and dishonesty. Mr. Higgins, the editor, appeared before the meeting and asked permission to address the Chair. The Mayor decided that he could not speak except to apologize. Mr. Higgins said he had no apology to offer. A resolution was passed unanimously to employ the best legal advice, and if the article be actionable to commence prosecution. Touchy set, those Councilmen, to get mad because a paper calls them corrupt and dishonest!

CURRENT NOTES.

Twelve presses at the Government printing office are now running on the census report.

Washington City has not for many years suffered so much from chills and intermittent fever as during the past four weeks. In some localities whole neighborhoods are down with the disease, and physicians are very busy.

An Illinois constable made a return on the back of a paper thus: "I executed this subpeeny by trying to read it to John Mock, but he was driving cattle on horseback, and run faster than I could, and kept up such a hollerin I don't know whether he heerd or not. This is the best I could do, and don't know wether the subpeeny is served according to law or not."

The war on the social evil in Washington is making progress. For some months past the Woman's Club, comprising a score of relentless, uncompromising reform ladies, have been endeavoring to break up the traffic, by reclaiming the women, and by learning who were responsible for their fall, and then making such parties to help sustain them. Men thus applied to find it difficult to shirk.

The Postoffice Department is almost daily in receipt of letters from various parts of the country, making inquiry as to the truth of a current newspaper statement that the Government will pay $300 to the collector of 1,000,000 canceled postage stamps. Of course, this statement is utterly without foundation, and it was doubtless started by designing persons to induce the collection of quantities of defaced stamps, with the expectation of picking them up in large lots at trifling cost, after collectors have ascertained the futility of the original expectation of selling them to Government.

Good Pictures.

Harper's Weekly—last number received—has two strong and suggestive cartoons. The first is one of Nast's trenchant portraitures of the Ring, under the name of "Wholesale and Retail," representing stealing of these two grades, and their respective treatment in New York. Stealing by retail is the seizure of a loaf of bread by a starving man, whose famishing, shivering wife and child, peering around the corner, view with consternation the loss of this last hope of sustenance, and its treatment is arrest and clubbing by the Police. Stealing by wholesale is the plunder of millions by Tweed, Sweeny, Hall and Connolly, who are represented in characteristic lineaments, just coming from the City Treasury, while the Police stand by in the deferential attitude of presenting arms. The contrast is very effective. The second cartoon is by Howard, picturing "President Grant, and Why They Don't Like Him." The President appears serenely in the center, with the Constitution in his hand. Grouped about are the classes who find fault: first, the Copperhead snake crawling from the egg of Democracy, with Grant's foot upon its neck; then, the Kuklux just ready to hang a black man, but stopped by the sword of the law; next, the bull of Wall street with his gold bags, exclaiming, "He won't let us bull gold;" fourth, the editor of the Daily Calumniator sending his poisoned arrow, vociferating, "He won't give me all the best offices;" then, the thief who is kept from the Treasury, the whisky smuggler who is compelled to pay taxes, and the rebels who are not permitted to destroy the Union. Beneath all is the potent legend: "The debt has been diminished, taxation reduced, the Union restored, foreign difficulties settled, and the Government was never so respected nor so strong at home." Altogether, it is a striking commentary upon the criticisms of the President.

Maine papers wonder that, inasmuch as the ship-builders of that State are almost without exception Republicans, the Democratic organs manifest so much solicitude for their welfare, and so violently lament their "ruined business."

Another election will be held in California next month, when Justices of the Supreme Court and a State Superintendent of Public Instruction will be chosen. Election on the 18th prox.

Books are company, and the company of bad books is as dangerous as the company of bad associates, while that of good books is like that of good men.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.]

EASTERN STATES.

Massachusetts Politics.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—A *Times* Washington special says a number of prominent Massachusetts Republicans addressed a letter a short time since to Mr. Davis, telling him that if it became necessary to defeat Butler, they should present his (Dawes') name to the Convention, and that he would not be allowed to decline. Telegraphic advices at hand here to-day indicate clearly that Butler is ahead. Senators Sumner and Wilson will again reiterate their opposition to Butler's nomination.

The Tammany Thieves.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—The prosecution of the parties accused of stealing vouchers from the Controller's office, will be pressed with vigor, although Judge Garvin, District Attorney, declares his willingness to allow any outside counsel to participate in the case with him. Measures are being taken whereby a committee of citizens will be able to see that justice is in no wise prevented. Should the hearing in the matter result in the discharge of any of the accused, it is intended to have a rearrest made and proceedings commenced under indictment.

The conduct of Superintendent Kelso in taking Haggerty before Justice Dowling is regarded as suspicious. Kelso is known to be indebted to Tweed for his position. Haggerty has long been the political tool of Tweed.

Public sentiment is getting to be more intense against the Ring, and meetings frequently held recently in denunciation of city frauds, have succeeded in arousing the strongest indignation among all anti-Tammany political organizations, which is spreading rapidly.

The Chinese Embassy.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—The Chinese diplomatists left for San Francisco last evening on their way to China. Chung How, first Minister of the Embassy, with other Chinese officials and English and French Secretaries, will sail for Europe to-morrow, in the steamship *St. Lawrence*. The Embassy was unsuccessful in their previous mission to France, and were to have started for home yesterday, but were notified by the French government that they would be received if they returned. France, therefore, changed her intention. The object of their mission, as stated heretofore, is to make reparation for the massacre of French citizens at Tientsin.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Dispatch from London.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—Queen Victoria is suffering from rheumatism.

There are fresh local strikes.

The Germans at Newcastle are returning home.

The American-British convention is arranging relative to emigration.

French Affairs.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—The appointments of Camfrey to Berne and Chaisvitto Berlin are probable. The appointments of Ferri to Washington and Quicot to Athens, are doubtful.

All arms of the National Guards are deposited at Tourges.

Favorable advices are received from Algeria.

Thiers is unwell.

There is an insurrection in Morocco, the Moors furiously attacking the Citadel of Metilla. Jesuits and republican agents are expelled.

From Rome.

ROME, Sept. 22.—Prince Alexis visits his aunt and others at Torquay.

Twelve hundred troops embark at Cadiz for Cuba.

The Pope postpones Bishop appointments to vacant Sees until November.

The Tide as a Motive Power.

The utilization of the tide as a motive power at any distance from the sea is attempted in the fluxmotor, an invention recently exhibited in London, and examined by the Emperor of Brazil. According to the description of the instrument given to the Emperor, the power of the flux motor consists in the tension and rarefaction of the air produced by the weight of the water of the sea, raised by the tide, in a recipient having two divisions or compartments communicating with the sea. The compressed air acts upon an apparatus motor with the same degree of power steam does, provided it be an equal tension; and the rarefied air by permitting the exterior to exercise a pressure proportionate to its rarefaction, enables it also, in its turn, to act on the aforesaid apparatus with an equal degree of power.

The flux motor is essentially composed, first, produced, of a reservoir, by which the power is which is to the flux motors what the boiler and its accessories are to steam engines; second, of a motive apparatus, constructed, with some slight modifications, on the principle of a stationary steam engine. Should a company undertake the expenses of installment, and let out to manufacturers the motive force, at so much the cubic metre, in the same way as is done with gas, the manufacturers would be saved the enormous expensive of boilers, which have to be renewed every ten years; the insurance premium, both against fire and explosion; the wages of the mechanics and stokers; the cost of coal, which will necessarily become dearer as the mines become exhausted, and they will have to pay only for the motive force of which they have made effective use.

The motive force of the flux motor may be applied to all kinds of industry, even to those where, on account of the inflammable nature of the substance to be worked, it is impossible to use steam. It is not affected by atmospheric variations, such as arise from decrease of water in rivers and waterfalls, and, moreover, it can never fail in its effects. The inventor was about to apply his principle at Granville, where the tide rises forty-five feet, under the auspices of the French Government, when the war broke out. He is now going to try the experiment practically at Bristol. It seems that, given a tide whose average rise and fall is thirty-six feet, the pressure to be produced in the reservoir would be 0.6 atmosphere. With this pressure, it is necessary that the reservoir should be of the dimensions of 420 cubic yards for every horse power, working twelve hours a day. In constructing a reservoir whose diameter is fifteen yards, whose horizontal section is 176 square yards, and whose height (equal to that of the rise and fall of the tide) is twelve yards, it would have a dimension of 2,119 cubic yards—that is to say, a little more than the equivalent of five horse power. The total cost of a reservoir with a diameter of fifteen yards and a height of twelve yards would be £800, which makes for every horse power £160.

Wealth of the New York Ring.

[From the New York Times, Sept. 4.]

Let the poorer class of tax-payers, especially the Democrats, think of the wonderful transformations which have taken place in the condition of our rulers during the last few years. Woodward ten years ago entered the supervisor's office at a salary of $800 per annum. Now he owns a magnificent country seat, valuable horses, and other luxuries. Gravey, the lucky plasterer, was glad, six years ago, to do plain jobbing at fair rates. Now he is worth nearly a million, and owns an entire island for his summer residence. Twelve years ago Tweed failed in business, and for a time was content to act as foreman over a gang of street cleaners, at $3 per day. Now he owns real estate in every part of the City, runs several banks, and is chief proprietor of a printing office, a lithographic establishment and a stationary warehouse, his property being estimated at about twenty millions. Sweeney has also suddenly leaped into wealth. Tom Fields could not pay a few paltry debts three years ago; now he is wealthy. Connolly was notoriously in humble circumstances until he gained possession of the public treasury; now he is building splendid houses, and is rolling in wealth. Hall owns a splendid residence in New Jersey. Indeed, all these people have invested in property in other States. Keyser and Ingersoll have likewise sprung into large fortunes; and there are hundreds who were quite poor a few years ago who now sport the costliest diamonds, and possess valuable property of all kinds. The question is, ought these men to be allowed to retain the property they have thus suspiciously acquired.

Nativity of Population.

A Washington correspondent presents the following interesting statement:

The statistics of the nativity of the population of the United States, which will shortly be ready at the Census Office, will afford many interesting facts for those engaged in studying the capacity of the Anglo-Saxon race to absorb and Americanize the vast influx of foreign born population. Take for instance the State of New York, with a population of 4,382,759, of these 3,244,406 are native born, and 1,138,353 are foreign born; the number of the native born of parents of foreign birth is 2,043,112; the number having one or both parents foreign is 2,225,627; the number having foreign father and native mother is 2,161,752, and the number having foreign mother and native father is 2,106,987. Pennsylvania shows another shade of statistics. While out of a population of 3,521,791, only 545,261 are actually foreign born, yet the number of foreign parentage is 1,751,208. Wisconsin shows that out of a population of 1,054,670, the number of foreign parentage is 717,832. The Southern States show far different results, thus: Tennessee, with a total population of 1,258,520, gives but 19,316 of foreign nativity. Alabama, Georgia and Arkansas are even more so, while North Carolina, with a total population of 1,071,361, gives but 3,029 of foreign birth.

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SUPPLEMENT.

What History Says of Jefferson

Not by a great deal are we done with our neighbor of the *Herald* on Jefferson We may not give so many articles on the man who originated secession as he does, for other subjects demand our attention But we are content to put into one article matter that keeps him employed for a week.

We get back to Jefferson here because we have some space at our disposal, and because it seems proper enough to examine some of the statements made by the Democratic organ The organ has it that Jefferson was the sole author of the Declaration of Independence, and that he borrowed from nobody To our exposition of the facts in regard to the Mecklenburg Declaration, it answers that Jefferson wrote in 1774 a "Summary View of the Rights of British America" which document appeared a year before the Mecklenburg Declaration, that this "Summary View contained the germ" of the Declaration at Philadelphia, and therefore that if there was plagiarism by anybody the man who wrote the Mecklenburg paper was the plagiarist

Now this might be very well if anything could be quoted from the "Summary View" to sustain it Until that is done the assumption fails The fact is undeniable that in several passages the language of the Declaration of Independence is *identical* with that of the Mecklenburg document. It cannot be shown that there is anything to correspond with this language in the "Summary View" It is incontestible that the Mecklenburg document is genuine That fact has been established beyond all controversy. The investigation ordered by the North Carolina Legislature set the matter fully at rest, and those who afterwards pretended to question it were regarded as unworthy of notice Now how can the fact be accounted for that the exact language of the Mecklenburg paper was used by Jefferson? How, except on the supposition, or rather on the certainty, that he made use of that document in compiling the Declaration?

It is well known that he borrowed largely from other documents which had been published before 1776 In many places the exact phraseology of an address prepared in 1774 by John Jay was used. So of the Virginia Bill of Rights, drawn by George Mason We might prove this by parallel passages, as we have already done in the case of the Mecklenburg Declaration

The fact is, the doctrines set forth in the Declaration of Independence had long been familiar to the American mind The ideas had been uttered by all the eminent men of the time, and had been echoed in innumerable public meetings. The Declaration as drawn by Jefferson contained nothing new. That it was a well prepared compilation is not doubted But the point under consideration is, that all the more striking portions of the document, all the best turned expressions, were borrowed from other sources, and that Jefferson when questioned on the subject lied about it and claimed the whole as his own. Admit that the "Summary View contained the germ,"—though it contained it no more than Jay's address and innumerable other documents did—how then is the fact to be accounted for that whole passages in the Declaration are exactly copied from documents written by others and known to be earlier? It is not the "germ" that we are talking about; it is the close likeness of whole passages, the repetition of phrases, expressions and sentences, which is absolutely impossible—except where one writer borrows from another

Now as to Jefferson's veracity We stated the other day that he habitually lied when he wanted to advance his own interest or injure those who were in his way. Such plain speaking horrifies the *Herald* That is because it don't know Jefferson. It is only necessary to read his writings to convict him in innumerable places of prevarication and inveracity. This was not known so well during his lifetime, because he was close and secretive and enjoined secrecy on those to whom his correspondence was addressed When his "Works" were published, a flood of light was let in upon the character of the man It then became known, how he had worked in the dark mines of deceit and faction, how he had slandered leading men of the country with whom he had professed, hypocritically, to be on terms of the warmest friendship, how he had incited his political lieutenants to make bitter war on the administrations of Washington and Adams, how he had misrepresented those Presidents and their measures, how he had even attacked the character of Washington, and when taxed with it, lied to escape the consequences, how he had accused Washington and Hamilton and Adams of a design to overturn the Republic and establish a monarchy how he had repeatedly declared that Washington and others were truckling to England and were humiliating their country before that power, how he inspired newspaper attacks on the administrations of Washington and Adams and patronized, supported and encouraged the writers employed in that business, though all the while making professions of friendship and fidelity to those who were thus assailed and slandered —how in short, he pursued a course of the deepest duplicity and dissimulation and acted a part which even his panegyrists are unable to defend All these things became known, but they were known so late that the public had less interest in them than if they had been divulged while Jefferson and the men who were the objects of his falsehoods and slanders were still living

His connection with Freneau, editor of a paper which was incessant in its attacks on Washington and the measures of his administration, was well known He took this Freneau under his patronage and gave him an official appointment, and when Washington intimated that this calumniator ought to be dismissed, Jefferson refused to do it This statement is given by Jefferson himself in his *Ana*, where he takes occasion to praise Freneau and extol his paper as having saved the Republic, which under Washington's management, he asserted was fast galloping into a monarchy

Yet though Freneau's *Gazette* echoed the opinions, feelings and expressions to which Jefferson himself gave utterance in his letters written secretly to his followers to incite discontent against Washington, and though Freneau was kept in his office as Jefferson himself lets us know, directly against the wishes of Washington himself, yet he (Jefferson) had the hardihood to write to Washington denying any responsibility for the attacks on him in Freneau's paper! And this, too, as we have seen, after he had lauded that scurrilous sheet and affirmed that it had been a great instrument in preventing the Government, under Washington, from drifting into a monarchy! On all sides Jefferson threw out with unremitting industry damaging insinuations against Washington though he did not dare to attack him openly, and with his characteristic hypocrisy he professed unalterable friendship and devotion to him at the same time He feared to come into open conflict with Washington's influence and popularity, but never ceased from his secret attempts to undermine both His famous Mazzei letter affords an instance of his conduct This letter was written to one Mazzei, an Italian gentleman, who sent a copy of it to a friend in France, where it was published to show that a party in America actively sympathized with the excesses of the French Revolution and the regicides of that country. It thus came back to America, where its publication threw Jefferson into consternation In this letter it was declared that "an Anglican, monarchical party had sprung up in America, whose avowed object was to draw us over to the substance as they had already done to the form of the British Government Against us are the Executive, the Judiciary two out of three branches of the Legislature and all the officers of the Government. In short," wrote this professed friend of Washington, "we are likely to preserve the liberty we have obtained only by unremitting labors and perils"

The publication of this letter did much to complete the alienation between Washington and Jefferson The letter, in short, contained all the charges against Washington and his administration which had been urged in the papers with which Jefferson had so vehemently disclaimed connection. Washington did not like profession of friendship to his face and aspersions behind his back Yet Jefferson sometime afterwards, with his characteristic inveracity, wrote, denying that the Mazzei letter contained any allusion to Washington, though he had specially mentioned the "Executive" as one of the "Samsons in the field and Solomons in the council whose heads had been shorn by the harlot of England" At the same time he wrote to Madison that the letter was likely to bring on a "personal difficulty between Gen Washington and himself," thus at one time admitting and at another time denying what he had before alleged

These proofs of Jefferson's habitual want of truth might be extended here indefinitely It is only necessary to examine his own writings to find innumerable instances All who have any acquaintance with his writings know that the publication of them after his death was a terrible blow to his reputation More than all his enemies had ever alleged against him was proven out of his own mouth, and he takes a different place in history from that which he occupied before his dark and deceitful course became known to the world.

But the heaviest charge against Jefferson is the fact of his authorship of the resolutions of '98, that Democratic book of secession and rebellion, which has produced most of the troubles which our country has been forced to pass through It was he and he alone who introduced this great danger into our politics. This was a part of his scheme to get into power and to accomplish his purposes he deliberately assailed the foundations of the Government For twelve years the Government had been carried on in accord with the principles on which it had been founded It was a government of the people, a "consolidated Union," as Washington expressed it It was not a league of States, nor was the Constitution the result of a "compact" between States. It was made by the *people.* But Jefferson, who while in France had imbibed the wild ideas of the Revolution in that country and become what is called in these times a 'communist' in principle, set up a new theory of Government in derogation of that which had been administered by Washington He drew the resolutions of '98, which proclaimed that the Constitution was the result of a compact between the States, that the States had a right to judge of infractions of the 'compact' by the General Government, and to prescribe "the mode and measure of redress" Here was the warrant for secession and rebellion. The Southern States, when they resolved to break up the Union appealed to Jefferson as an authority and pretended to no other justification Northern Democrats also appealed to Jefferson to prove that it was unconstitutional to "make war on the States" and to fight secession down Without the heresy of "State rights" introduced by Jefferson, the great rebellion would have been impossible He was the author of it and it was foretold when that heresy first appeared that it would lead to the disruption of the Union and to civil war

This prediction was made by no less a personage than Washington himself Jefferson practising his usual concealment, did not let the public into the secresy of the authorship He feared to do that But Washington, at the very first opportunity, denounced the resolutions and pointed out with prophetic judgment their inevitable consequences Early in 1799, in a letter to Patrick Henry, Washington observed with the greatest concern the 'endeavors of a certain party to disquiet the public mind with unfounded alarms, to arraign every act of the administration to set the people at variance with their Government, and to embarrass all its measures." Alluding to Jefferson's resolutions, which had been adopted by the Kentucky and Virginia Legislatures, he said he was specially grieved that Virginia had taken a leading part in this movement He believed that the great mass of the people of that State were well affected toward the Government and the Union, but how, he asked, "is this to be reconciled with their choice of representatives both to Congress and the State Legislature, who are opposed to the General Government, and who by their measures would destroy the Union?" He described this party as 'hanging upon the wheels of Government as dead weight opposing every measure that is calculated for defense and self protection, abetting the nefarious views of other nations upon our rights and preferring, as long as they dare openly contend against the spirit and resentment of the people, the interest of France to the welfare of their own country Vain will it be said he, "to look for peace and happiness, or for the security of liberty and property, if civil discord should ensue And what else can result from the policy of those among us who by all the measures in their power, are driving matters to extremity, if they cannot be counteracted effectually? That they are followed by numbers who are unacquainted with their designs and suspect as little the tendency of their principles, I am fully persuaded" The letter closed with an appeal to Patrick Henry to stand as a candidate for the House of Representatives, that he might be in a position to combat these dangerous principles Both Washington and Henry died soon after, but one of Washington's last acts was to ride some distance to the polls to vote against Jefferson's destructive schemes Had Washington lived it is more than probable that his great influence would have broken Jefferson down and the latter never would have been President

Jefferson's character is revealed to the world in his own writings as one of the most untruthful in history and the great civil war that grew directly out of dogmas which he foisted on the country, has set the seal of condemnation on his principles, has verified the predictions of Washington and others as to their tendency and consequences, and has utterly destroyed Jefferson's authority, as regards the nature and powers of our Government Only the fag end of the Bourbon Democracy now adhere to him, and even they dare not avow in their conventions the State compact theory of Government which he invented We now turn over Jefferson to the *Herald* for a month to come

Tweed and Connolly as Scape-Goats

The row among the members of the New York ring is the subject of the following article in the New York *Times* of the 10th inst

If the *Herald* were as blind as an owl in the sunlight, or so fettered by its Ring associations, it would have known without being told, that its proposal to throw over Tweed and Connolly and stick to Hall and Sweeny, would be received with mingled derision and indignation. That Mayor Hall has great influence with the *Herald* is a reason for that paper supporting him, but it is not a reason for the public agreeing to put up any longer with the corruptions and misdeeds of Mayor Hall and Sweeny. Whether Tweed and Connolly would consent to be turned into the wilderness as scape-goats, and allow Hall and Sweeny to go on enjoying the fruits of office, is more than we can say We are quite sure that the public would not be satisfied with that arrangement Hall's name is to the back of every one of the fraudulent warrants we have published, and that is enough to convict him Sweeny has had his finger, and sometimes his whole hand, in every dirty job which has been "put through" for years past He is as bad, if not worse, than any of his colleagues, and although he tries to keep himself out of sight the public know well enough what they owe to him, and are not likely to forget him

After all these months of silence—after dishonestly suppressing all the evidence which has been adduced against the city authorities the *Herald* now thinks to hoodwink the people by simply misrepresenting every fact in connection with the subject It has the impudence to say that "since New Year the running expenses of the city have been economical *almost to penury!*" And thus in the teeth of the fact—admitted by Hall and Connolly in their official reports—that upward of thirty millions has been drawn already this year from the public Treasury If the government of the city has been economical, pray what has become of the thirty millions? The *Herald* also picks up the stale old talk about the Board of Supervisors It has poked its nose into this fight at so late a day that it does not seem to be aware of anything which has taken place It does not know that this thimble-rigging about the "old" and the "new" Board was long ago disposed of, by proof being afforded that *both* Boards were "run" by identically the same men,—Tweed & Co Rip Van Winkle if he suddenly made his appearance in New York, could not be more completely behind the age than the *Herald* It says that our "remodeled City Government has not had a trial" Indeed, but it has, and the people now unanimously demand a new city government, conducted by honest men Mr Hall who delights in nothing so much as attacking the wives and families of other men —as witness the columns of the vile Forger's sheet which he supports in this city—throws out an insinuation about Tweed's and Connolly's "wives relations" We leave Tweed and Connolly to deal with this back-handed blow from their own friend What the people have resolved upon is to hold all these men to a strict account—Sweeny and Hall no less than Tweed and Connolly Since Hall is dealing these cowardly blows at Tweed, why does not Tweed come out and tell us what he knows about Hall? Assuredly the Mayor is pushing his game with a fool's recklessness just now He has caused his Forger's paper—as the Springfield *Republican* tells us, for the paper in question never comes under our observation—to threaten certain persons with Lynch law Well, that is a sword which has two edges The Mayor ought to be careful how he shows his hand too freely Sweeny and Hall will not escape responsibility for any acts which are done in their names Hall is acting like one bereft of his senses, and fancies that his crazy threats and his treachery combined will save his official neck He is deceived, and the crafty plotter at his back, Peter B Sweeny, is equally deluded The people are just and they have vowed that Sweeny and Hall shall go, and when these men talk of "lynching" journalists who have offended them, or anybody else, they not only subject themselves to immediate scorn and contempt, but they invite a fate which the *Nation* says they deserve and which they may yet find it difficult to avoid If one of the four is to go let the whole number be swept away They are equally guilty, and deserve to undergo an equal punishment

"Doctor," said a wealthy patient to his physician, "I want you to be thorough Strike at the root of the disease" "Well, I will," said the doctor, as he lifted his cane and brought it down hard enough to break into pieces a bottle and glasses which stood upon the sideboard It was his last professional visit to that house

Good nature, like a bee, collects honey from every herb Ill nature, like a spider, sucks poison from the sweetest flower

Nothing New Under the Sun

Photography only adds another instance to the many on record which prove the truth of Solomon's saying The thing that hath been is that which shall be, and there is no new thing under the sun

Humboldt in his *Cosmos* states that the Chinese had magnetic carriages with which to guide themselves across the great plains of Tartary, 1 000 years before our era, on the principle of the compass The prototype of the steam engine has been traced to the eolipyle of Hero of Alexandria The Romans used movable types to mark their pottery and endorse their books Mr Layard found in Nineveh a magnifying lens of rock crystal which Sir D Brewster considers a true optical lens, and the origin of the microscope The principle of the stereoscope invented by Professor Wheatstone was known to Euclid, described by Galen, 1,500 years ago, and more fully in 1599 A D, in the works of Baptista Porta The Thames Tunnel, thought such a novelty was anticipated by that under the Euphrates at Babylon and the ancient Egyptians had a Suez Canal Such examples might be indefinitely multiplied, but we turn to photography M Jobard, in his *Nouvelles Inventions aux Expositions Universelles*, 1857 says a translation from the German was discovered in Russia 300 years old, which contains a clear explanation of photography The old alchemists understood the properties of chloride of silver in relation to light, and its photographic action is explained by Fabricius in *De Rebus Metallicis* 1566 The daguerreotype process was anticipated by De la Roche in his *Giphantie*, 1760, though it was only the statement of a dreamer

In Dr Hooper's "Ration Recreations," 1774, is the following method of writing on glass by the rays of the sun "Dissolve chalk in aquafortis to the consistence of milk, and add to that a strong dissolution of silver Keep this liquor in a glass decanter well stopped. Then cut out from a paper the letters you would have appear and paste the paper on the decanter which you are to place in the sun, in such a manner that its rays may pass through the spaces cut out of the paper and fall on the surface of the liquor The part of the glass through which the rays pass will turn black, and that under the paper will remain white"

In 1802, Thomas Wedgwood and Sir Humphrey Davy contributed to the "Journal of the Royal Institution," a paper on "An Account of a Method of Copying Paintings upon Glass, and of making Profiles by the Agency of Light upon Nitrate of Silver" Let us take an extract or two from this paper, first reminding our readers that Daguerre did not announce his invention till 1839 "White paper or white leather," says the memoir, "moistened with the solution of nitrate of silver, undergoes no change when kept in a dark place, but, on being exposed to the daylight, it speedily changes color, and, after passing through different shades of gray and brown, becomes at length nearly black The alterations of color take place more speedily in proportion as the light is intense When the the shadow of any figure is thrown upon the prepared surface the part concealed by it remains white, and the other parts speedily become dark For copying paintings on glass, the solution should be applied on leather, and in this case it is more readily acted on than when paper is used The copy of a painting, or the profile, immediately after being taken, must be kept in an obscure place" The instruments Wedgwood and Davy used were the camera obscura and the solar microscope, the images produced, however, by the former were "found too faint to produce in any moderate time an effect upon the nitrate of silver" Davy says "Nothing but a method of preventing the unshaded parts of the delineations from being colored by exposure to the day is wanting to render this process as useful as it is elegant"

Conditions of Success —We know not how many thousands have been driven to desperation by the thought that among the busy throng of this world, they could gain no foothold, and have taken upon themselves the final ordering of the life which a kind Father gave them It is sad to think that so few, comparatively know "how to find work that pays" Some do not know how to get a good situation but will accept the first opportunity that presents itself, feeling confident that they are on the high road to fortune Others know how to get a good situation, but do not know how to keep it and here the old adage, "A rolling stone gathers no moss," is vividly illustrated Then there are some, poor unfortunates! who do not know how or where to get any situation at all but do a day's work here and one there, and then "loaf" a day all the time vainly waiting for "something to turn up" Such a person is well described by Dickens in his "David Copperfield" Those who have read it will remember that "Mr Micawber" was not smiled upon by Fortune, though he danced attendance upon her all his life

The three classes I have described lack the first great element necessary in the solving of this question—steadiness of purpose The way to find and keep "work that pays" is to give your whole mind to it

Sit down and sum up your abilities

What position can you occupy? Can you be useful in a nursery? Can you teach school or music? Can you keep books? Are you qualified for brain work or must your labor be manual? Think of all these things, and if you are competent for more than one position, so much the better for you Do not be afraid to make application State your abilities to whom you wish to serve in a clear and courteous manner, not humbly and cringingly, but in a frank, decisive way, which will show that you set a value on your own services, and do not ask a situation as a beggar asks a crust of bread, without any thought of recompense

If one refuses try another, and never say "fail" A footing once gained, hold on to it, though it may not be very lucrative at first By honesty in your dealings, steadiness of habit and respect toward your employer, you may, in course of time make it become "work that pays." Above all, do not forget that there are two prices for all your works—one to be given here, and one above

The Germans in France — France must fulfill her engagement or the departure of the troops will not continue The semi official *Provincial Correspondence* says "The execution of the treaty of peace of Frankfort does not make that rapid and regular progress which was hoped for with all the greater confidence from the fact that Germany had conscientiously fulfilled all her obligations, and had conformed as far as possible to the wishes of the French Government The latter desires that the Germans should hasten to evacuate French territory in consideration of offers for the payment of the indemnity and that the date fixed for the execution of the treaty should be shortened It must however, be ascertained whether the preferred modes of payment are worthy of complete confidence A satisfactory settlement of the Frankfort negotiations as speedily as possible is urgently necessary So soon as people in France cease their system of provocation which endangers the continuance of peace the evacuation of French territory will proceed accordingly as the French Government fulfills its obligations As it has offered to pay the third half milliard very shortly arrangements have been made to continue the evacuation of territory, should that offer be carried out, and moreover the Second and Twenty second Divisions are notified of the probability of evacuating the forts and returning home Of course this must be preceded by the fulfillment by France of her engagements"

The Future of Greenbacks

[From the New York Independent.]

The legal tender notes of the United States if left to circulate among the people without any renewal would at length wear out and finally disappear altogether by the mere process of use and decay No one, we presume supposes that this is to be their future It would be equivalent to their non payment—imposing the entire loss upon the people and justly exposing the Government to the charge of repudiation

These notes if not thus left to die a natural death must either remain as a part of the paper circulation of the country or they must by some act of the Government be retired and withdrawn from public use We believe that they ought to be retired at the earliest practicable period They have the character of debt obligations that ought in due season be canceled. They were never intended to be a permanent currency, whether redeemable or irredeemable We now have two kinds of currency—bank issues and Government issues, and if it were proposed to make the latter a *fixture*, then we should go for withdrawing all currency powers from the banks and making the whole paper circulation of the country emanate directly from the Government. There may be here and there a monetary theorist who would favor such a measure, yet the American idea of paper circulation is that of bank notes, guaranteed by adequate securities and made redeemable on demand in coin Government issues, except for temporary purposes, whether redeemable or irredeemable, would involve a vast revolution in our currency. The idea is not likely to obtain any general favor among the people and we hence regard the ultimate future of greenbacks to be one of retirement from public use, with the substitution of bank currency therefor This is the point to which we must come at last—resuming our former system of bank notes, redeemable in coin, issued as we hope, under the authority of the General Government and never again under that of the states The people have lived to learn that a *national* currency under a national system of banking is vastly superior to that of *State* banks The necessities of the war have taught them this lesson so thoroughly that it is not likely to be forgotten

Assuming, then, that greenbacks are to be retired, and their place taken by the notes of the national banks, we are brought to the following question *What is the process of this retirement?* In some way they must be taken out of the hands of the public, and not reissued, but destroyed This is possible only in one or the other or all of three methods The Government, as it receives these notes from time to time for Government dues, must destroy them, or it must redeem them in coin, and then destroy them, or it must fund them in interest bearing bonds, and destroy them, or it must combine these three methods together The first method standing by itself involves a contraction of the paper currency, greater or less according to the rate of the destruction, and this would soon bring disturbance to the business of the country The second method is practicable only when the Government is in a condition to resume specie payment, and of this there is no prospect for at least some time to come The third method is the one originally provided for when the Legal Tender Act was passed The notes of the United States were at first made *fundable* in five twenty six per cent bonds and this property ought never to have been withdrawn Funding in connection with a proportionate expansion of the national bank system, is at the present the only practicable method of retirement without a reduction of the currency.

Free banking on the basis of bonds procurable of the Government, by the payment of an equal amount of greenbacks, connected with the destruction of the latter in proportion to the increase of bank issues is, in our judgment, the true method, at least for the present, of retiring the one currency and substituting the other The only objection to it is that it increases the *interest* bearing debt of the United States, yet we do not regard this objection as of any practical weight when compared with the advantages to be secured Let it be remembered that it *decreases* the non interest bearing debt in the same amount It begins the process of retiring a currency which was never designed to be permanent, and that, too, without any change in the aggregate amount of paper circulation

Old Maids —A quaint and gallant writer of some fifty years ago, says, "I love an old maid—I do not speak of an individual, but of the species—I use the singular number, as speaking of a singularity in humanity An old maid is not merely an antiquarian, she is an antiquity not merely a record of the past, but the very past itself She has escaped a great change, and sympathizes not in the ordinary mutations of mortality She inhabits a little eternity of her own. She is Miss from the beginning of the chapter to the end I do not like to hear them called Mistress as is sometimes the practice, for that looks and sounds like the resignation of despair a voluntary extinction of hope I do not know whether marriages are made in heaven, some people say they are, but I almost sure old maids are There is something about them which is not of the earth earthy They are spectators of the world, not adventurers nor ramblers, perhaps guardians, we say nothing of tattlers They are evidently predestinated to be what they are They owe not the singularity of their condition to any lack of beauty, wisdom, wit or good temper there is no accounting for it but on the principle of fatality I have known many old maids, and of them all, not one that has not possessed as many good and amiable qualities as ninety and nine out of a hundred of my married acquaintances. Why then are they single? It is their fate!"

An Unruly Boy and What He Did —An unruly boy 14 years old employed in a mill in Salem Mass, was impudent to his employer recently and quit work Of course he ought speedily to have come to grief He wandered down upon a wharf as unruly willful boys are apt to do and, perhaps it would not have been strange had he been drowned, and thus served as a fearful warning to all his fellows in the mill when they felt inclined to be unruly and willful But somehow it happened that this boy (his name by a singular chance is Melody—at least it is so printed in a Boston paper) saw a commotion on the wharf opposite, and learned that a little boy of four years of age had fallen overboard and sunk Young Melody stripped and plunged into the water swam across the stream a hundred feet and saw the little boy at the bottom Melody at once dived for him and brought him to the surface, and by the aid of some men placed him on the wharf Medical aid was summoned, and after some time the boy was restored Young Melody then coolly jumped back into the water swam across put on his clothes and went home

Out on the line of the Pacific Railroad, in the vicinity of Denver Bridge, a short time since a young squaw belonging to a roving band of Indians was taken ill and died She was the mother of a pappoose about four months old, and, according to a custom among the tribe it was decreed that this child should share the fate of its mother and be buried in the same grave with her The live child was placed on the body of its dead parent, and the "clods of the valley" were piled above them both Persons cognizant of what was to be done with the child offered twenty dollars for the little one, but were refused, and in an after effort to save it, were too late

The Wages of Royalty

A glance at the comparative resources of the leading rulers of the old world, by which an exhibit is furnished touching the immense sums which flow into the coffers of the crowned heads of Europe and those of less rank at the present day will be found interesting Alexander II, of Russia enjoys an income of $25 000 a day, or $8 250,000 per year, and his neighbor, upon whom he is casting envious glances, is not far behind him in pay, Abdul Aziz is receiving $18 000 per day, or $6 000 000 annually, while the luckless adventurer of France, before his downfall stood next on the list at an income of $14,000 per day, or $5 000 000 per year He has not made any income return since Sedan by which we can estimate his ability to meet his expenses but his investments during his prosperous days have probably saved him from abject poverty now or hereafter.

The Emperor of Germany, owing to recent successes, has probably secured for himself and numerous family an enlarged income As King of Prussia he is down in the list as entitled only to $8,210 per day, or $3,000 000 per year Francis Joseph has an income of $4 000,000 annually Victor Emanuel, at present the happy recipient of something less than $3,000,000 per year, will probably enjoy from "united Italy" a much larger stipend The Queen of England is said to live on an income of $2,000,000 yearly

The prince of Wales has the net revenue of the Duchy of Cornwall, and a salary of $16,000 as general in the army, which with his royal allowances, make his income $625,000 per annum

The salary of "Count" Bismarck is said to have been only $9,000 per annum As Prince he will probably enjoy a sum more in keeping with the valuable services he has afforded in the recent war

Prince Alfred receives the sum of $100,000 a year, and the Duke of Cambridge has an allowance of $60,000 a salary of $30,000 as Field Marshal, and one of $15,000 as Colonel of the Fusileer Guards.

King Amadeus of Spain, is paid $125,000 a month, which will barely mitigate the discomfort attendant upon wearing a crown bestowed in opposition to the will of his subjects.

The Belgian King, Leopold, received a salary of only $250 000 per annum At his death, he nevertheless left a snug little fortune of $16,000,000, which shows that monarchs can be economical at times He does not seem to have been mercenary, he only saved and invested his money instead of spending it When he became King of Belgium, he resigned all the appointments he had held as the husband of Princess Charlotte, amounting to $175 000 per year, which was so much saved to the people of England, retaining only a life interest in the House of Claremont, which has been the residence of his father and mother-in-law, the ex king and queen of France.

It must be borne in mind that, aside from the stipulated incomes of these rulers, they enjoy also many perquisites in the way of rental of estates, inheritances, etc Queen Victoria is probably the most wealthy sovereign in Europe She receives a large sum, spends little, and bestows less, has all her expenses paid, and her property is accumulating to an enormous amount All her children are provided for by the State, and if she lives forty years longer, as she well may, coming of a long lived family, she will die worth more millions than any one but a Rothschild could realize

Some little time ago a man named Neeld, passing by all his relations, bequeathed to Queen Victoria $1,750,000, which was accepted by her Such instances of extreme devotion to the "Crown" are not rare. And it is said, in connection with this subject, that since the death of Prince Albert, who was remarkably saving, and who left the Queen all his accumulations, estimated at $5,000,000, there has been a total absence of anything like extravagance on the part of the Queen.

The members of the English Parliament receive no pay and the acceptance of such a post by a poor man is of course out of the question. And yet it is said that the cost of a seat in Parliament ranges from $5,000 to $60 000, which expense is shared by the candidate and his constituents Mr Thackery, for instance, stated that his unsuccessful contest for the comparatively small borough of Oxford cost him over $5,000

The English Judges are liberally paid The Lords, Justices of Appeals, as well as Masters of the Rolls have equal to $30,000, and the Vice Chancellors each $25,000, the Lord Chief Justice of the Queen's Bench has $40,000, and the other Judges $25 000, the Chief Justice of the Common Pleas $35,000, and the other Judges $25 000 The salary of the Chief Baron of the Exchequer is $35,000, and $25,000 to each of the Barons of the Court Lord Monk, the new Governor of the Dominion of Canada, receives for his services $50,000 a year in gold

When William VI, of Nassau Orange, was called in 1815 to the throne of the Netherlands, which he afterwards filled as William I, he was possessed of but a moderate private fortune, which he increased enormously by investing in commercial undertakings patronized by the Government. Many of the German sovereigns have traded for the last half century in like manner, and with results largely profitable Some ruling princes to this day are stock jobbers, some cattle dealers, some are farmers and others mining adventurers. The shrewdest of them all, the autocrat of the principality of Schwarzburg Sondershausen, hit upon quite an original idea of making money He established a large brewery and distillery, and forbid his subjects, under heavy penalties, to consume any other ale or spirits than those issued from the princely concern. In this way he is said to have acquired some considerable capital, which he invested in large estates in Bohemia and the Grand Duchies of Mecklenburg

Ancient Funeral Ceremonies at Tahiti.—Bougainville that French officer who is known to most readers by his voyage round the world, but who had previously been one of the ablest land officers in Montcalm's army in Canada, and one of the best naval officers in the French fleets during the American Revolution, has left some curious accounts of the Polynesian manners and customs The funeral rites at Tahiti, in those days, were strange indeed The naked body was preserved for a long time on a kind of scaffold such as some of our Indian tribes used but they placed a roof above it and fenced it in

Unrepelled by the infection produced by its decay the female relatives visited it daily, and poured palm oil over it When any stranger was permitted to approach, they would say, "*Emoe*—he sleeps" When nothing but the skeleton remained, it was taken to the house, and there preserved, after a long and curious funeral rite Mourners wore a mask or vail surmounted by a strange headdress of feathers "When mourners leave their houses" says Bougainville, "they are preceded by several slaves, rattling a kind of castanets in a peculiar manner Their doleful sound warns all to avoid him, either out of respect to the mourner's sorrow or from a fear of touching them as omen of presaging evil"

Look to Yourself —Men speak too much about the world Each one of us here, let the world go how it will, and be victorious or not victorious has he not a life of his own to lead? The world's being saved will not save us, nor the world's being lost destroy us. We should look to ourselves, there is great merit here in the "duty of staying at home"

The Ohio river is going into a decline It keeps its bed, and is quite low

NASBY.

NASBY SETS FORTH IN HIS USUAL LUCID MANNER, WHAT THE DEMOCRACY MUST DO TO SUCCEED THIS FALL.

Confederate X. Roads,
(wich is in the State of Kentucky,
August 19th, 1871.

The outlook for the Democracy ain't jest as good this year ez I shood like to see it. It will take the closest kind uv figgering an the best management in the world to make a success, and I reely don't know ez it kin be done all There ain't much sense in our leaders Tweed's stealing in Noo York, tho not more in quantity than I spose he reelly wantid was done too openly for the good uv the party elsewhere, and besides this there ain't that unanimity, that oneness uv sentiment in our ranks that there ought to be this year The fact is, the Democrasy comprehends altogether too much—it hez too hefty an assortment uv principles for any one party to swing.

I hev spent many anxious hours on the question uv meetin this trouble, and hev at last decided on a system uv work which, ef followed out faithfully, may give us that success we hope for.

Our speekers must, for once, [illegible] selves ez to the ishoos now before the people. The old speeches which we hed in [illegible] time, and wich we hev [illegible], won't do any more. We hev got to git up new ones, [illegible] porary speeches must be carefully prepared. A carefully prepared extemporary speech is liable to run smoother than an extemporary speech which ain't carefully prepared. I allus prepare my impromptoo speeches aforehand An Ablishnist kin yoose the same speech all over the country, but we can't.

In view uv the the diversity uv the opinion there is among the Democracy this year, I would suggest to our speekers in the various sections uv the country that they observe the following skedule closely:

In Noo England—Advocate the payment uv the bonds in gold, and bear down heavy, on them mizable, Godforsaken scoundrels who wood impair the national credit by a suggestion uv paying us em in paper. Explain to yoor aujences that paying the debt in paper is promises to pay, and ask em who is to pay the paper and when! Ez for repudiators lash em! Pint the finger of skorn at em! Hold them up to the execration uv a civilized world. End up with an elegant and elokent triboot to the Pilgrim Fathers. *Poscrip*—In cotton manufacturin towns, advocate a high pertective tariff and show that the Dimocrasy wuz alluz a tariff party. In the woolen towns they [illegible] want tariff so much and in the [illegible] no tariff. Also, on the nigger [illegible] Assert boldly that the Dimocrasy acquiesses in the Amendments, and wood hev shed its last drop uv blood before any man [illegible] colored shood be deprived uv any rite Say that perhaps some Dimocrats mite hev bin, at one time, opposed to givin uv suffrage to the nig—colored men, but it wuz becoz they feared they wuzn't educated up to its proper yoose. *Mem*—In Noo England be sure to say colored man—nigger, never.

In Noo York City—Denounce with withering invective the bloated cotton lords uv Noo England Bear down with severity onto the very idea uv a tariff Assert that the Democrasy is for free trade in its broadest sense. Urge the payment of the debt in gold, but denounce the national thieves just the same In Noo York yoose the term "nigger" alluz, and say that the given uv the ballot to a race so low in intellect, which hez not yet emerged from barbarism, is an outrage wich no Irishman kin submit to. Bear down heavy onto the nigger, and intersperse your speeches with frekent quotashens from the Irish poets. Ef you wear a green neck-tie, and carry a short club uv black thorn, and hev a short, black pipe stickin out uv your vest pocket, it will be all the better In Noo York your speech may be mostly devoted to the nigger, and be particular in this connection to alluz say "d—n the nigger." Pint the finger uv skorn at them wich wood affiliate with em, and wind up with a glowing triboot to Noo York.

In Pennsylvany —Tariff to the hub, and uv the highest and most protective kind. Seek uv the wealth hidden in her mountains and the protection to develop it Remind yoor hearers uv the cry uv "Polk, Dallas and the tariff of '42?" and denounce the free traders bought with British gold. Pint the finger uv scorn at em, and wind up alluz with a glowing tribot to the greatness uv Pennsylvany Dodge the nigger in Pennsylvany, and the nashnel debt also, for the people are mixed It's our bizness before elections to please the people

In the Northwest —Accept the new departure and assert that no Democrat desires to bust the amendments, or hez any idea uv any such thing, speek uv the colored man ez a man and a brother, and refer gratefully to his services in the late struggle for the maintenance of free government Denounce the tariff (in the rooral deestricks) ez a swindle onto the West for the purpose uv building up the bloated manufacturers uv Noo England and Pennsylvany, and agin them bloated manufacturers pint the witherin finger uv scorn Conclood with an elokent triboot to the grandeur uv the Northwest.

In Ohio —Mixed In the northern counties accept the new departure—in the middle and southern, oppose it. Be high tariff in in the iron and coal counties, and free trade in the corn and wheat counties. Dodge the debt question, and pint the finger uv scorn at wich would drag in irrelevant ishoos. Conclood with a glowing triboot to the greatness uv Ohio.

In Kentucky—Denounce niggerism in all its forms, and urge repoodiashen ez strongly ez possible Say that Kentucky will yoose force, ef need be, rather than permit niggers to be on an ekality with white men, and pint the finger ov skorn at them wich wood degrade the white man to that level. Conclood with a glowing triboot to Kentucky.

The Kentucky speech will do for all the South, exceptin South Carolina and Mississippi In those States yoose the speeches made for Massachoosits, for in those States the niggers are in the majority. And in them the finger of skorn must be pinted at those who won't recognize their manhood. You might also conclood in these States with a glowing tribute to their present and future greatness

I wood also suggest to our speekers the strictest abstainin from intoxicatin flooids for at least three hours before each speech Liker hez a tendency to muddle, and the times require clearness, I thought I cood indulge without danger, and the result uv four drinks wuz that I made the Noo York speech in Pennsylvany, and the Kentucky speech in Iowa. I pinted the finger of skorn at the wrong people in all uv them places, and got my glowin triboots to their greatnis horribly mixed The speekers may fill themselves as full ez they choose after meens, but never before

Ef this programme is faithfully carried out, I hev no doubt ez to the result Victry is ourn ef we don't fool away our opportunities

PETROLEUM V. NASBY,
(Which wuz Postmaster)

Candidates for government offices in England are examined upon various literary and scientific topics Lately one of them by a slip of the pen, wrote "Vennice" in one of his papers "Do you know, sir, that there is but one 'hen in Venice?" asked the indignant examiner "Then eggs must be very scarce there," was the reply

Good qualities are incomprehensible to those who have them not

The Daily Oregonian.

WITH SUPPLEMENT.

SATURDAY MORNING, SEPT. 23, 1871.

Compulsory Education.

Republicans of California in their recent declaration of principles inserted a resolution in favor of a system of compulsory education. Last winter this subject was taken up both by our National Legislature and by the Legislatures of several of the States. In Congress Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts presented a bill to provide for a compulsory system of national education. The bill did not get through, but was left among the unfinished business. In the Illinois Legislature a bill providing for compulsory education was introduced and discussed, but it was not passed. A similar bill was, however, passed by the Michigan Legislature, and in several other States the matter has been more or less under discussion. The idea was received with favor by the people of California in the recent canvass there, though some of the newspapers of one party, evidently under an impression that the diffusion of knowledge is unfavorable for majorities for that party, opposed the proposition. Educators have taken the matter up in various parts of the country. A short time ago it was discussed at length in the State Teachers' Convention of Iowa, and leading educators strongly advocated the measure.

Doubtless the subject will be called up in Congress again this winter. It is evident that the public mind is taking hold of it, and from the course of the discussion it is quite certain that either a national plan will be adopted, or that the States will, one after another enforce the system. It is held as a general proposition that ignorance is the parent of vice and crime, and that it will be cheaper to educate and prevent than to punish crime. Of course, it is not pretended that the general diffusion of knowledge will put a stop to criminal conduct, but that it will materially lessen crime can scarcely be doubted. Educate the whole mass of people, and they will be morally elevated, and strengthened in convictions of right and duty.

Such a course is necessary to place the Republic on surer foundations. The fact that the education of the masses of the people and the elevation of the scale of intelligence generally, is necessary to the maintenance of free government and the perpetuity of those ideas on which are based the strength and welfare of the Republic, is being every day more widely admitted. Hence the growth of the idea of compulsory education. Are men satisfied that the free schools have done enough? Many think it necessary to do more. Having prepared the free schools, the next step is to see that all the young attend them.

The system of compulsory education in Germany is considered the foundation of the strength and stability of that country. If intelligence is so necessary there, how much more necessary here, where all the operations of Government depend on the popular will. This subject will attract general attention in this country at no distant day. It is easy now to discover the general drift of the public mind toward it.

Out of Its Own Mouth.

Some time since we stated a fact, which was obtained from a report of the Secretary of the U. S. Treasury, made in February last, to the effect that there were at the date of the report, as shown by the report itself, three hundred Federal office-holders who were in default to the Government in the sum of more than twenty millions of dollars, 20,000,000. This fact was so startling that the editor of the OREGONIAN, not daring to impeach the testimony of his party's own Secretary, came out and declared that the Secretary had since made another report, in which he stated that those "unadjusted accounts" had all been "adjusted," except about two millions and a half; and that two thirds of the still unadjusted balance were the defalcations of office-holders appointed by Andy Johnson. We denied that the Secretary had made any such report as the one last named, and called upon our neighbor to produce the [illegible] mistake. Some days have elapsed since, and our neighbor has given no heed to our denial or request. We are therefore justified in charging, as we do again charge, that our neighbor's assertion was an invention of his own, a pure fabrication, in order to rescue his party from a most onerous and damaging responsibility—nothing less than the stealing of [illegible] millions of the people's money.

The above is from the *Herald*. We have quoted it at length, in order that we may once for all enable the people of Oregon to understand how utterly unreliable that paper is. It says that our statement was an "invention of our own," a "pure fabrication;" that the Treasury never issued such a report as we spoke of. Now what will be thought of that paper's veracity when the public are informed that the very statement which it declares the Secretary of the Treasury never made, but which it affirms is an "invention" and "fabrication" of ours, appeared in the telegraphic dispatches in its own columns on the 19th August, or but little more than a month ago? New York papers of the 18th August have the statement in detail, from which it appears that the sum of defalcations of the office-holders appointed by Johnson was $1,745,437, or within a small amount of the whole. Now since we have caught the *Herald* in this "fabrication" and proved it by its own columns, let us see it squirm and wriggle. But is it worth while to pay any further regard to any statement such a paper may make?

It is now an established fact that the net debt of the city of New York is, in round figures, one hundred millions of dollars. The investigation conducted by the citizens' reform association, of which we have an account to-day, develops this. More than half of this debt has been accumulated during the last thirty months, while the Ring were concealing the accounts and stealing the public funds. Such is Democracy when fully developed, and such are the results of the development. Could the people stand such an infliction all over the country?

Chicago has twelve daily papers. Most of them are devoted to specialties; the principal exception being the *Evening Mail*, which is a general and independent newspaper. The *Mail* is a two cent journal and has achieved a remarkable success. It is sprightly and able, opposes free trade and believes in supporting American industry. Chicago has also about fifty weekly newspapers, thirteen of which are published in foreign languages.

The Springfield (Mass.) *Republican*, in noting the fact that the deposits of the savings banks of four of the New England States have increased from $140,000,000 in 1860, to $422,000,000 in 1870, remarks: "We think any economist, not led astray by a theory, would be puzzled to account for this rapid accumulation without concluding that the country at large had been swiftly gaining in wealth, which is certainly the case."

Demi-trains are to be adjusted for street wear by means of tapes to loop them up to the waist at the back seams.

PACIFIC COAST DISPATCHES.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.]

CALIFORNIA.

From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 22.—Ramon Amador, murderer of Hiscock, the hunter, was hanged at half past one to-day at San Leandro. He persisted to the last that he killed his victim in self-defense. He directed all his property to be given to his sister, who he declared he had hitherto kept from marrying, but who could now marry. He wept, prayed and swore alternately, and bitterly insisted that he was to be hanged because he was a poor man. If he had money to buy friends at Court, as others had done, he would not have been hanged. When the black cap was drawn over his face it required two men to hold him up until the noose was adjusted. Sheriff Morse then stepped back and wiped his forehead, the signal to his assistant, and the drop fell. He struggled convulsively for some minutes, but the neck was found to have been broken by the fall.

Reports of marine disasters continue to come in from all directions, though there has been no bad weather and nothing to cause any particular loss on this coast beyond heavy fog.

The captain of the bark *Rover*, of Lord, which arrived from Antwerp to-day, reports the death of Capt. Wellcomb of the ship *California*, now over due here, having been out 199 days from New York, who died off Cape Horn in bad weather.

Pierre Adams, laundryman, was to-day fined $5, and ordered to give bonds in $300 for throwing chloride of lime over a woman who had accused him of stealing wood and her child.

A dispatch from San Diego says the British ship *Talavera*, from Newcastle, England, was ashore at San Ramon Bay, Lower California, on Sept. 11th. No further particulars. She was consigned to Dickson, DeWolt & Co., and loaded with coal.

The depression in mining stocks this afternoon is not so great as at the morning Board.

The acquittal of the DeYoungs of the *Chronicle*, on indictment for libel on R. H. Finton, had been generally anticipated, and the verdict of not guilty created no surprise.

The Captain of the ship *Carrie Reed*, from Liverpool, reports that in passing Good Success Bay, on the coast of Terra Del Fuego, he saw an iron ship with topmost black, lower part white around the stern, apparently English, lying on her side on shore, part stove in. A boat painted white and tent on shore was deserted. The crew had probably been taken off by some other vessel. It is conjectured that she might be the *San Ocarnes*, previously reported wrecked.

SAN DIEGO, Sept. 22.—The iron clipper ship *Talavera*, owned in Liverpool, laden with coal consigned to Dickson, De Wolf & Co., San Francisco, when one hundred and ninety days from Liverpool went ashore in San Ramon Bay, Lower California, on the 11th. The Captain arrived here to-day in search of assistance. He says that on the 5th of August he was becalmed five hundred miles off coast when the crews stores run out and only fifteen gallons of water was left. The Captain dealt from his stores one meal per day to each man. On the 25th of August twelve men left the ship in a life boat, first having one-half of the remainder of the Captain's supplies dealt out to them. A condenser was put at work which produced five gallons of water per day. On the 11th September made San Ramon Bay. The captain went ashore in search of assistance and supplies, leaving the mate in charge of the ship. Weather hazy with light wind. The ship struck while in stays and is now hard aground on a sand beach 200 yards from shore. The balance of the crew deserted the ship. The twelve who left in the boat in charge of the sailmaker, succeeded in landing at Rosario on the 8th. Ship's complement of men, 34; officers, six and one passenger, all safe. The captain will engage a tug boat here and start for San Ramon Bay in a few days.

INTERIOR CALIFORNIA DISPATCHES.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 22.—The fire in the mountains northeast of the city is apparently spreading. Heat caused by fires affects the atmosphere to-day. It has been sultry.

Reported organized band of robbers in the mountains near the city, whose operations extend to Sonora. The facilities of escape out of the country by the mountain trails, caused by fires, almost preclude any successful action by the authorities to break up the gang.

Rich silver and galena quartz were brought in yesterday from the new mines recently found in Montana, eight miles from Desert Springs, on the Owens' river road, and eight miles from Walker's Pass. The locality of the ledges was shown by an Indian for a horse which he feasted over the death of a Chief. Water is scarce, but wood is plenty in the vicinity.

William Spaulding, formerly a clerk for Wm. Sharp of Sacramento, was tried to-day in the municipal court on a charge of forging the name of his late employer to orders for goods, was convicted and ordered for sentence next week.

Theresa Young was arrested this evening for stabbing Mary Devine in the back, in a row in a house on Dupont street. Both were inmates of the same house, and quarreled about the division of plunder.

South Mountain.

The Owyhee *Avalanche* has the following notice of the above named mining district:

South Mountain District is just now attracting more than ordinary attention and bids fair, all at once, to assume a prominent place among the mining camps of our Territory, and of the Pacific coast. It is situated in Owyhee county, six miles from the Oregon and about fourteen miles from the Nevada boundary line. Also about six miles from Camp Three Forks Owyhee. The mines of that district are silver bearing galena, and are of immense width. The first locations were made by S. M. Wessels in the fall of '68. Messrs. Wessels & Hardy own two of the principal claims, the Original and the Galena. The Original is 100 feet in width, contains 30 per cent. of lead and assays from $30 to $618 per ton in silver. The Galena is 7 feet wide, contains 77 per cent. of lead and assays from $250 (the lowest) to $329 per ton in silver. S. M. Wessels, Pete Donnelly and E. B. Johnson also made two new discoveries in that district on the 7th instant, which they call the Golconda and Hope. The Golconda is 50 feet wide, contains 48 per cent. lead and assays on an average $79 per ton in silver. The Hope is five feet wide and richer than the Golconda. Besides galena, the ores contain red oxide of iron and are of splendid quality for smelting. There is an unlimited supply of water and timber in abundance in the immediate vicinity of the mines.

A Philadelphia company, composed of American and English capitalists, and known as the Seven Oaks, Holcomb & Co., are about to purchase the Original, Galena, Golconda, and Hope mines in South Mountain District. Mr. James Hichens, one of the ablest mineralogists and mining experts on the Pacific coast, has been here this week, in the interest of that company, examining the mines, and expresses himself well pleased with the prospect. The Secretary of the company, Mr. S. B. Collins, formerly connected with the Philadelphia *Press*, also accompanied Mr. Hichens, and thinks that South Mountain is a big thing. The Seven Oaks, Holcomb & Co. are carrying on extensive mining operations in Utah. Messrs. Hitchens and Collins, accompanied by Mr. Wessels, started for Salt Lake last evening to report to the company. If the report be favorable, as it doubtless will, the purchase will be made, and smelting furnaces and mills immediately be built. In that event, Mr. Wessels will have charge of the works, and he informs us that furnaces can be erected for $4,000 each that will turn out five tons of bullion per day. Splendid material for furnaces has been discovered within six miles of the mines. As soon as operations shall be under way, a road is to be built direct to the railroad, which can be reached at less than 100 miles. It will run direct to the head of Paradise Valley, thence down the east side of the Humboldt to the railroad in the vicinity of Battle Mountain.

The next election to transpire will take place in Texas on the 3d October, when Congressmen will be chosen. One week later Pennsylvania, Ohio and Iowa choose State officers and members of the Legislature.

"Dolly Varden" costumes are our latest English importation. They consist of a petticoat of batiste matching in color the prevailing tint of the tunic, which must be of colored chintz, pointed corsage, square cut neck and sleeves of a new shape made of both materials.

Every human creature is sensible to some infirmities of temper, which it should be his care to correct and subdue, particularly in the early period of life.

If you want a Parlor Suite and Marble Table go to HURGREN & SHINDLER.

If you want a Bedroom Suite, a No. 1 Spring Mattress and a pure Curled Hair Mattress, HURGREN & SHINDLER's is the place to get it—corner First and Salmon streets.

REMARKABLE CURE OF MRS. HOOVER.

TUALATIN PLAINS, WASHINGTON CO., OREGON, July 23, 1871.

DR. A. M. LORYEA—I have been troubled with Rheumatism for the past twelve years; my joints, especially those of my feet and hands, were badly swollen, so that I could with difficulty go around. My shoulder pained me a great deal and a LARGE BONY SWELLING grew out, so that I could not raise my hand to my head. Since last spring I have been taking your "Oak Weed Remedy," and find myself much improved. The swelling and pain has left my joints and shoulder and THE BONY GROWTH HAS ENTIRELY DISAPPEARED and I use my limbs and am far better than I have been for years.

M. HOOVER,

Wife of Hon. Jacob Hoover, ex-Treasurer of Washington county, Oregon. jy23d1m

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

J. & F. Champion having purchased the patent right of S. L. Tibbals, patentee for making and selling the MAGIC CURL PINS throughout the State of Oregon, any person or persons detected selling these Curl Pins will be prosecuted according to law. Any person wishing to purchase the Magic Curl Pins can do so by leaving their orders at the Post or Express office. Price, $1 50. All orders promptly filled.

MRS. H. CHAMPION, Agent.

s19d1w.

PARRISH, ATKINSON & WOODWARD,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

Corner of Alder and Front Streets,

Have for Sale CITY PROPERTY, FARMS and UNIMPROVED LANDS in OREGON and WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

The following are some of the FARMS and LANDS:

5 or 10 acre Tracts near Portland, suitable for Gardens. Price from $50 to $100 per acre.

16 acres, 2½ miles from Portland, 7 acres cleared and fenced, House, Orchard and good water—$1,600.

160 acres, 27 miles from Portland, with improvements. Price, $1,500.

100 acres, 20 miles from Portland, 75 acres fenced and in good cultivation, very choice land, good water. Price, $3,800.

240 acres, 18 miles from Portland, with improvements, Stock and Tools—$2,000.

320 acres, in Yamhill county, 100 acres in cultivation, Good House, log barn, orchard—$15 per acre.

470 acres, in Marion county, all fenced, 400 acres prairie, house, barn and orchard. Choice Dairy Farm. Price, $22 50 per acre.

280 acres, in Marion Co., with improvements.—$5,000.

314 acres, 4 miles southwest of Portland, with improvements.—$5,000.

3½ acres, with good SAW MILL, at a Bargain.

s6dtf

MARRIED:

In the Presbyterian Church, by the pastor, Dr. Lindsley, on Thursday evening, September 21, 1870, Mr. John James Reid and Miss Susan M. Choate—both of Portland.

NEW TO-DAY.

For Rent.

A BRICK STORE. ONE OF THE BEST BUSINESS stands in Portland. Apply to PARRISH, ATKINSON & WOODWARD, No. 102 Front street. s23d1f

JUST OPENED.

WE INVITE THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC to the fact that the Barber Shop in the Patton House has been refitted and just opened. We invite the public to give us a call. We attend strictly to business and guarantee satisfaction. s23dtf

GOOD BOARD!

Good New Beds and Bedding!

Hard Finished House!

Washington St., bet. Fifth and Sixth.

GIVE ME A CALL AND I WILL DO MY BEST TO make it a Comfortable Home for you. W. H. HOWARD, Proprietor. s23d2w

Bargains! Bargains!

BARGAINS!

HAVING SOLD OUR PRESENT OFFICE IN THE ST. CHARLES HOTEL, with a view of moving to

NO. 92 FRONT STREET,

(The Office lately occupied by Messrs. Dean & Fisher) we beg leave to inform the public generally that for the

NEXT FIFTEEN DAYS WILL OFFER OUR

ENTIRE STOCK OF REAL ESTATE!

AT

Less than Cost Price!

TO SAVE THE EXPENSE OF MOVING, as some of it is very cumbersome and would necessarily cost a good deal of money in case we should be compelled to remove it.

RIDER, MOSKOWITZ & RISLEY, Real Estate Brokers. s23dtf

ROSS & HOLDEN'S

STEAM SAWMILL

ON THE

MACADAMIZED ROAD,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

HAVING PURCHASED THE STEAM SAWMILL, located as above, we are prepared, in addition to our Logging and Pile business, to contract for and furnish all kinds of dressed and planed Lumber, Laths, Pickets, &c. &c. All orders entrusted to us shall receive prompt attention.

E. ROSS,
E. C. HOLDEN.

Office in rear of E. J. Northrup's hardware store, on Yamhill street, between Front and First. s31

THAT

CHAMPION BOOT!

MADE AT THE

PACIFIC BOOT AND SHOE

FACTORY!

Is the Best Boot for the Winter!

Yet produced. Can be had at

HEADQUARTERS!

PROTZMAN, GILLIHAN & CO'S,

Cor. First and Morrison Sts.,

PORTLAND, OREGON. s23 dtf

Ordinance No. 1071.

AN ORDINANCE TO ESTABLISH CERTAIN grades.

The city of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. That the grades of the intersections of the streets hereinafter named be and are hereby established as follows, viz:

North Front street and L Street at 10.6 feet.
" " " M " 10.5 "
North Ninth " " L " 21.5 "
" " " M " 21 "

above the base of grades.

Passed the Common Council September 13, 1871.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved Sept. 14, 1871.

PHILIP WASSERMAN, Mayor.

s23d5t

Ordinance No. 1,570.

AN ORDINANCE TO CHANGE CERTAIN GRADES.

The city of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. That the grades at the intersections of the following named streets be and are hereby changed as hereinafter set forth, viz:

North Front street at I street from 19 feet to 19.5 feet
" " " " [illegible] " 19 " 19.5 "
" " " " I " 17 " 19.5 "
" " " " G " 17 " 19.5 "
" " " " [illegible] " 17 " 19.5 "
" " " " [illegible] " 17 " 19.5 "
" " " " [illegible] " 17 " 19.5 "
" " " " K " 17 " 19.5 "
North Ninth street at J " 21 " 22.5 "
" " " " K " 20.6 " 22.5 "

above the base of grades.

Passed the Common Council September 13, 1871.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved Sept. 14, 1871.

PHILIP WASSERMAN, Mayor.

s23d5d

NEW TO-DAY.

CHEAP WOOD.

A LARGE LOT OF SLAB WOOD FOR SALE Cheap if taken away soon, at ROSS & HOLDEN'S STEAM SAWMILL. Office—Yamhill St., bet. Front and First. s23d6t

JUST OPENED.

Railroad Chop House.

OPPOSITE O. & C. R. R. CO.'S OFFICE AND Ferry Landing, Front St.

MEALS AND LUNCHES, HOT AND COLD. LUNCH BASKETS FILLED. A SITTING ROOM attached where FRESH FRUITS, CIGARS, etc. can be had. Everything in Good Style. Open from 6 A. M. to 8 P. M. J. S. LEE, Proprietor. s23d1f

Still Cheaper Goods!

HAVING JUST ARRIVED FROM SAN FRANCISCO with Large and Varied Stocks of

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WEAR

BOOTS & SHOES!

I wish to inform the public that I have had rare opportunities to PURCHASE CHEAP AND LARGELY during my stay in San Francisco and will

SELL CHEAPER

Than any House in the State!

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE.

SIGN OF THE

BIG BOOT!

No. 116 Front St.,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

E. CAHALIN. s23d1f

1851. FALL TRADE. 1871.

S. J. McCORMICK.

BOOKSELLER & STATIONER,

Franklin Book Store,

105 Front Street, Portland,

Has just received the first shipment of an entire fresh Stock of

School Books,

Stationery,

Music Books,

Sheet Music,

Newspapers,

Magazines,

Toys and

NEW PUBLICATIONS,

all of which are offered at prices that

Defy Competition!

Having perfected arrangements for the purchase of goods in New York and Boston, I am enabled to buy at low rates and sell at small profits.

S. J. McCORMICK.

L. M. STARR,

IMPORTER AND JOBBER OF

WINES & LIQUORS!

AT HIS OLD STAND,

No. 24 Front street, O. S. N. Co.'s Block,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

HAVING PERMANENTLY RESUMED BUSINESS, under the management of Messrs. I. W. Buchanan and A. D. McDonald, takes pleasure in announcing that the stock now in store, embracing a large variety of the choicest brands of

BRANDIES,

WHISKIES,

GINS, RUM,

WINES of all kinds,

IN BASKET AND IN BULK,

CASE GOODS,

ETC., ETC., ETC.,

he offers to the Trade at PRICES THAT WILL ENSURE LIBERAL PROFITS TO HIS PATRONS, his arrangements for IMPORTING DIRECT guaranteeing him facilities for trade unsurpassed by any other House on the Pacific Coast.

Call and Sample the Goods before making your orders elsewhere.

AGENCY for the well-known KENTUCKY FAVORITE and HERMITAGE (Copper Distilled) WHISKIES.

Do You Want to Sell

ANY NEW OR

SECOND-HAND FURNITURE?

IF SO, CALL ON TERRY & HITCH.

DO YOU WANT TO BUY ANY NEW OR SECOND-HAND FURNITURE?

Bedding, Carpets, Stoves, Etc.,

IF SO, CALL UPON TERRY & HITCH.

Do you want a good Spring Bed or a Hair Mattress made to order? If so, call upon Terry & Hitch.

TERRY & HITCH.

Dealers in New and Second-hand Furniture, Bedding, Carpets, Etc., Etc.,

178 First Street (between Salmon and Main),

s22d1f PORTLAND, OREGON.

GILROY'S WHEAT SACKS,

EX STEAMER AJAX.

AN INVOICE OF GILROY'S SACKS, 22x36 AT J. McCRAKEN & CO.'S. Portland, September 21, 1871. se22d&w2w

IMPORTANT TO THE LADIES!

THE MAGIC METHOD FOR DRESS CUTTING. CHILDREN HAVE LEARNED IT. Agents Wanted. For further particulars, apply to MRS. MARY ELMES, Over Oatman & Hachaney's, Cor. First and Main streets. s16d1m

Amusements.

THEATER COMIQUE

PROPRIETOR.........N. HOCHOURTEL

OPEN NIGHTLY

WITH AN ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME

EACH EVENING.

ADMISSION.........$ 50
PRIVATE BOXES.........$2 50 and 3 00

s13d1m

THE SKATING RINK

AT THE

PAVILION on Fourth St., bet. Pine & A,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

Skating Every Morning, from 10 to 12 o'clock, every Afternoon from 2 to 4 o'clock and Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, from 7½ to 9½ o'clock, when there will be Music by a full BRASS BAND, under the Leadership of Professor Yost.

ADMISSION, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Tickets for Morning and Afternoon admission can be purchased by the package at $1 50 per dozen, and for Evening admission at $2 50 per dozen.

USE OF SKATES, 25 Cents.

At these prices the RINK is a cheap and desirable place of resort, and all classes are enabled to indulge in this pleasant and healthful exercise. jy12dtf

J. KRAEMER & CO.,

47 FRONT Street,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers of

BOOTS & SHOES

EXCLUSIVELY,

OFFER TO THE TRADE, AT THE POSSIBLE Lowest quotations, their Stock expressly manufactured for them and favorably known among Dealers, consisting of full lines of

MEN'S, BOYS' & YOUTH'S BOOTS,

From the finest of French Calf to the heaviest Kip.

Ladies', Misses and Children's Fine Sewed Goods,

Of Glove Kid, French Calf and Fine Goat. Also, Heavy Pegged or Screwed Calf and Buff Balmorals of all sizes.

INFANTS' GOODS

Of Plain and Fancy Colors, from the finest to the common durable sort.

Ladies', Misses and Children's Slippers

Embracing a full selection of the Outer Kid, and of various colors, among them the newly patented

EMPRESS CLOTH

With SELF ADJUSTING INSTEP.

We have the exclusive sale of the well-known "WEBFOOT BOOTS," made by Messrs. Fogg, Houghton & Coolidge, Natick, Mass., and buyers are cautioned, to examine Boots and find our Stamp on them, while the market is inflated with an inferior article in imitation of ours, showing it so without examination.

While we keep a full line of San Francisco made Goods to meet the demand for

MEN & BOYS' BOOTS,

AND

LADIES', MISSES AND CHILDREN'S BALMORALS,

We Call Particular Attention to such as bear our Stamp and Trade Mark,

And while in this way the consumer secures a good article, our customers gain for themselves a favorable reputation and an unfailing trade.

Every Merchant buying Boots and Shoes can be supplied by us, and to that end and purpose we Invite the Trade.

J. KRAEMER & CO.

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE HOUSE IN THIS LINE. s20dtf

GREAT INDUCEMENTS!

MARTIN & SEARS

ARE IN RECEIPT BY EVERY AND TRAIN

Of large Assortments of

Groceries,

Provisions,

Grain,

Fruits, &c.

OF THE

Greatest Variety and Freshest Kind

Which we are determined to dispose of at the

VERY LOWEST RATES,

And guaranteeing satisfaction in everything.

WE OFFER

TO THE TRADE,

At the lowest ruling rates, the celebrated

Swiss Cheese,

Of which we are in constant receipt.

We can always be found at the old stand of C. M. MARTIN,

No. 145 First St., Portland, Oregon. se21dtf

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.

CHANGE OF PROPRIETORSHIP.

H. H. PEARSON,

Late of the Russ House,

HAVING BOUGHT THE INTEREST OF MESSRS. Tubbs & Patton, of the Cosmopolitan Hotel, has secured a lease for a term of years of this well known and elegantly furnished Hotel. His previous reputation assures its being kept in first class style, while in order to keep pace with the times he intends to make important reductions in the scale of charges. His intention is to make it a family and business house, while his large connection with the traveling public warrants him in expecting a large amount of country, Pacific Coast and Eastern patronage. The prices will range from two to three dollars a day for ordinary accommodation. Board by the week or month as per contract. The Table will be kept on the most liberal scale and many improvements introduced. The spacious reading room is the finest of its kind in the city, while the furniture and fittings generally are superior to those of any hotel in San Francisco. The house will be thoroughly overhauled. Mr. PEARSON assumes proprietorship this day, August 1st. au7d2m2p

SOMETHING NEW!

THE "JEWEL CASKET"

CONTAINS TWO QUIRES OF FINE FRENCH Note Paper, with Envelopes to match, and a PRESENT WORTH FROM 60 CENTS TO $125.

Price, $1 25. For sale at

BANCROFT & MORSES',

No. 104 First Street,

(NEXT DOOR TO THE POST OFFICE) se22dtf

A. O. SERVENEY,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

Umbrellas & Parasols,

131 Front street, Portland.

A LARGE STOCK OF UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS on hand. WORK DONE TO ORDER.

OBSERVE THE LOW PRICES FOR REPAIRING.

New Covering, Common Umbrellas, only.........75 cents.
New Ribs,.........25 "
New Handles,.........50 "
Remounted,.........25 "

Other Work in Proportion, at the

NEW UMBRELLA STORE,

a18 131 FIRST STREET. dtf

Ocean Steamers.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT,

Carrying the U. S. Mail.

THE NORTH PACIFIC TRANSPORTATION COMPANY'S Steamship

JOHN L. STEPHENS,

T. H. STOTHARD.........Commander

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of F Street, for the above port

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1871,

At 7 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front Streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For Port Townsend, Seattle, Olympia, Steilacoom & Victoria.

THE NORTH PACIFIC TRANSPORTATION CO.'S Steam Propeller

CALIFORNIA.

JOHN HAYES.........Commander.

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F Street, for the above ports

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1871.

At 7 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front Street.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For San Juan, Naniamo and Sitka.

THE NORTH PACIFIC TRANSPORTATION COMPANY's Steamer

GEORGE S. WRIGHT,

T. J. AINSLEY.........Commander.

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company Wharf at foot of F street, for the above ports, on

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 1ST, 1871.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE

OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

Sailing from New York

Every Saturday and Alternate Tuesday

Cabin Passage, to Liverpool (gold).........$75 00
Steerage Passage to Liverpool (currency).........30 00

Passage from Liverpool to New York

Cabin (gold).........$75 00
Steerage (currency).........34 00

Round Trip Tickets issued at very low rates.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York. Or GEO. W. WEIDLER, Corner F and Front Sts., Portland, Oregon.

S. T. 1860—X.

THE GREAT WORLD TONIC!

PLANTATION BITTERS.

This Wonderful Vegetable restorative is prepared from pure St. Croix Rum and Calisaya Bark, known the world over as possessing wonderful tonic properties. As a Tonic and Cordial for the aged and languid it has no equal.

PLANTATION BITTERS

Just the thing for the morning lassitude and depression of spirits caused by late hours and what is called fashionable dissipation.

PLANTATION BITTERS

Of all the appetizers, it is the most infallible, and the impulse which it imparts to the digestive functions soon puts Dyspepsia to flight.

PLANTATION BITTERS

It is the foremost remedy of the age. The specific of every species of debility, general or local, constitutional or casual.

PLANTATION BITTERS

A wine glassful taken half an hour before breakfast, dinner or supper, quickens the flow of the gastric juice, and thereby provokes hunger.

PLANTATION BITTERS

"By its use I dispose of three good square meals per day, with a good relish, have no pains and have gained sixteen pounds in eight weeks, sleep well and consider myself a healthy man."

PLANTATION BITTERS

Taken moderately, three times a day, will give you strength, health and a cheerful and contented disposition.

PLANTATION BITTERS

Will give rest and quiet to those who cannot sleep, from unsatisfactory condition of their affairs.

PLANTATION BITTERS

Will restore tone and vigor—just the thing for mothers nursing.

PLANTATION BITTERS

"Well, they cured me of every distressing symptom in ten weeks and you had better follow my example.

PLANTATION BITTERS

If you want pure, rich and electrical blood—blood that gives tone to the system, the "rose tint of health" to the cheek.—Try it.

PLANTATION BITTERS

Thousands of families in Ohio and Mississippi valley, and on the border of the southern rivers and swamps, will not be without out.

PLANTATION BITTERS

Which is the cheapest? A dollar bottle of Plantation Bitters, or a physician at two dollars a visit?

PLANTATION BITTERS

"The value of such an antidote cannot be expressed in words."

PLANTATION BITTERS

Will restore the vital energy, repair indigestion, and correct the sluggish circulation of the blood.

PLANTATION BITTERS

Is an unequalled invigorating cordial for the aged as well as for the young.

PLANTATION BITTERS

Is unsurpassed for weak and delicate persons, on their requiring a gentle stimulant.

PLANTATION BITTERS

"I began taking your Bitters the next day, and am perfectly happy to tell you that they have completely restored my health, strength and cheerfulness."

PLANTATION BITTERS

"I find nothing so good for headache and languor to which my daughters are at times subject. It gives them a splendid appetite, and they eat like pigs."

PLANTATION BITTERS

"By advice of my physician, soon after my baby was born I commenced taking them, and they have done me so much good."

PLANTATION BITTERS

Are sold everywhere.

REDINGTON, HOSTETTER & CO.,

AGENTS,

529 and 531 Market st., San Francisco.

jo24d3pTuThSa6m

RHINE WINE!

WILL BE READY FOR DELIVERY NEXT week. This is an A No. 1 article. C. A. BURCHARDT, s2d1m Gen.

Auction and Commission.

A. B. RICHARDSON,

AUCTIONEER

Corner of Front and Oak Streets,

AUCTION SALES

OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND HORSES.

Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday.

an24 A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

At Private Sale.

ENGLISH REFINED BAR and BUNDLE IRON; do SQUARE & OCTAGON CAST STEEL; HORSE SHOES, FILES, RASPS, SAWS, SCREWS, FRY-PANS, SHEET IRON, ETC.

ALSO:

Large assortment of GROCERIES & LIQUORS.

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

Regular and Peremptory Sale

OF

GROCERIES,

FURNITURE,

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, &C.

I will sell at my Auction Rooms

ON SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 30,

At 10 o'clock A. M.,

Real Estate:

Block 126 in Couch's Addition to the city of Portland.

ALSO,

200 bxs ADAMANTINE CANDLES;
10 bxs SPERM CANDLES;
25 [illegible] PEPPER SAUCE;
23 bxs RAISINS;

ALSO:

275 cases WHISKY;

ALSO,

350 bxs C. O. SOAP;
100 bxs FAMILY SOAP;
125 bxs TOILET [illegible]

ALSO,

50 bbbls MACKEREL;
30 kits do

ALSO,

Bedroom,

Dining Room and

Kitchen Furniture.

A. B. RICHARDSON. Auct'r.

AUCTIONEER.

OSCAR KILBOURN

OFFERS HIS SERVICES AS AUCTIONEER. WILL sell at Auction in the City and Country Sales of Real Estate, Merchandise, Furniture, &c. Solicited.

Office No. 40 First street.

NEW AUCTION HOUSE.

F. C. SMITH & CO.

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR NEW AUCTION and Commission House on First street, near Main, Portland.

AUCTION SALES OF

Real Estate, Groceries, General Merchandise & Live Stock.

Sale Days—TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.

an26tf F. C. SMITH, Auctioneer.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS.

S. SHERLOCK & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Saddles, Harness,

SADDLERY HARDWARE

Hill's Concord Stage and Buggy Harness, &c., &c.

SALE ROOMS—No. 61 Front St. and No. 62 First St. Portland.

150 doz. assorted TEAM COLLARS on hand.

J. B. CONGLE,

98 FRONT STREET, PORTLAND,

Between Washington and Alder Sts., has on

SADDLERY HARDWARE

Saddles, Bridles,

WHIPS AND HARNESS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

AVERILL

CHEMICAL PAINT.

The Most Durable,

THE

Most Beautiful

AND

Most Convenient Paint for all Purposes yet Discovered.

IT IS PREPARED READY FOR APPLICATION, made of several shades or color, which may be changed to suit the taste, by mixing one with and is put up in cans of one and five gallons each.

A few handsome shades of this celebrated have just been received direct from the factory by SMITH & DAVIS, Portland, Ogn., Aug. 1871. 71 Front. aug19dtf

$10 PER MONTH.

ONE HUNDRED

FIRST CLASS SEWING MACHINES

To be sold at a cash price by paying

Only Ten Dollars per Month.

CALL and see the Machines at

75 FIRST STREET.

W. T. SHANAHAN,

AGENT FOR THE

Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company.

au9dtf

Buttrick's Celebrated Patterns

FOR CUTTING

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S WEAR.

PERFECTLY RELIABLE. ALL THE LATEST STYLES.

Send for Circulars. 71 First Street.

s21d1m E. L. TILLSTON, Agent.

Bulletin and *Herald* copy.

Machinery Oils.

CHINA NUT OIL, CASTOR OIL, AXLE GREASE, and NEATS FOOT OIL.

jy28dtf GEO. L. STORY, 46 Front

The Daily Oregonian

SATURDAY MORNING, SEPT. 23, 1871.

CITY.

WOMAN'S RESPONSIBILITY.—To-morrow evening Rev. T. L. Eliot will preach at the Unitarian church, his second sermon on "The Responsibility of Women." [illegible]

SPECIAL CHURCH NOTICES.—Rev. T. F. Royal, Principal of the Portland Academy and Female Seminary, will preach to-morrow afternoon [illegible]

PASSENGERS FOR CALIFORNIA.—The steamship Ajax sailed at 1 A. M. yesterday, for San Francisco. [illegible]

A NEW HOTEL.—[illegible]

SAILED.—[illegible]

PLATFORM CARS FOR THE WEST SIDE.—[illegible]

TARGET EXCURSION.—[illegible]

AGAIN POSTPONED.—[illegible]

A SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—[illegible]

MONEY OVERBOARD.—[illegible]

UPPER COLUMBIA RIVER.—[illegible]

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

PERSONAL, LOCAL AND GENERAL.

[From the Advocate.]

[illegible]

[From the Catholic Sentinel.]

[illegible]

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, SEPT. 23, 1871.

CITY.

WOMAN'S RESPONSIBILITY.—To-morrow evening Rev. T. L. Eliot will preach at the Unitarian church, his second sermon on "The Responsibility of Wo[illegible]." The branch of the subject to be discussed is "Woman's work and influence in the community," and the discourse will be from the text, "The kingdom of heaven is like leaven which a woman took, and hid * * * till the whole was leavened." On the occasion of the first sermon, last Sunday evening, the church was crowded to its full capacity, the sermon being devoted to the subject of "Woman's Responsibility in the Home." Mr. Eliot took the ground that the Providential work of woman was in the family. The dignity and sacredness of "home making" were dwelt upon at length. The chief value of the agitation taking place is that society is learning to respect woman's individuality, her right of choice as to her vocation in life, and freedom in preparing herself for it. Another result is, that profound attention is drawn to the consideration of the whole social fabric, and the burden of thought is directed to discover defects and remedies. The speaker occupied the time in urging upon women the necessity of a higher standard of home life, which should be forever protected from the spirit of drudgery or frivolity. To build a happy Christian home, with all its sacred influences, is an ideal worthy of every effort and consecration. Home-making is a profession, a science, and one underlying the whole structure of society. A contrast between the woman who builds her house and the one who plucks it down with her own hands, ended the lecture.

SPECIAL CHURCH NOTICES.—Rev. T. F. Royal, Principal of the Portland Academy and Female Seminary, will preach to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock, in the County Hospital, and at 7½ o'clock in the A. M. E. Zion Church, on Third, between B and C streets.

There will be regular services in the Taylor street M. E. Church each evening of the present week, beginning at 7½ o'clock. There will be a noon day prayer meeting each day of the week, in the Lecture Room. The Young People's Prayer Meeting Association will hold their regular weekly prayer meeting, beginning at 6½ o'clock.

Rev. A. L. Lindsley, D. D., will officiate, both morning and evening in the First Presbyterian Church. Seats, as in all the churches in the city, are free.

A GROWL ABOUT THE FERRY.—The East Portland *Era* growls thusly: "We had occasion to mention the great inconvenience to which our citizens are subjected by means of the present gross mismanagement of the ferry, but instead of tending to correct abuses it would seem to have had the opposite effect. The boat is now strung on a wire rope about the size of a common bed-cord, which, as might be expected, is constantly giving way, causing her to lay up for repairs, thus detaining for hours at a time, parties who have urgent business on either side the river, when at the same time the ferryman refuses to put them across in his small boat as required by law."

PASSENGERS FOR CALIFORNIA.—The steamship *Ajax* sailed at 11 A. M. yesterday, for San Francisco. The following is a list of her passengers: Mrs Nellie Pierson, Mrs James Finlayson, D B Gray, wife and child; Mrs Carlisle, John E Galbraith, Chas Puck, Rev F B Girard, Mrs Stout, A A McCully and wife, John Stout, wife and boy, Mrs C Marshall and child, W B Stout, wife and child; Mrs Tony Pastor, Walter F Jones, Miss Mabel Hall, A Licord, Miss M B Gardiner, Tom Mountain, Jr; S D Holmes, Mrs Loper and two children, Jno C Williamson, Chung Lung, E C Kimball, Col Ludington, Mrs Underwood, H Newhouse, H Logan, A Legrand, W C Doane, J S Kelley, S L King, J A Curit, Wells, Fargo & Co's messenger and 30 in the steerage.

A NEW HOTEL AT THE NORTH END.—A few days ago Mr. Halsey, Vice President of the O. & C. Railroad Co., purchased the undivided half of blocks 22 and 23 in Couch's Addition, and we learn that it is the purpose of Messrs. Holladay and Halsey to build on one of these blocks a large hotel, to be four stories high with a French roof. The plan and specifications are in the hands of Mr. Piper, architect. Business is rapidly pushing down that way, and a hotel will soon be a public convenience if not a necessity.

SAILED.—The steamship *John L. Stephens* sailed from San Francisco at 11 A. M., yesterday.

The bark *Skiddaw* was towed down on Thursday to Astoria, whence she will at once go to sea, bound for England.

The barkentine *Jane A. Falkinburg* has gone to Rainier to load with lumber for Honolulu.

PLATFORM CARS FOR THE WEST SIDE.—Yesterday the ferry boat brought over two platform cars for the Oregon Central Railroad. They were hauled by the P. D. & H. Co.'s teams, by way of North Front and C streets to the railroad track on Fourth street. In the evening both cars were [illegible] with ties and sent to the front.

TARGET EXCURSION POSTPONED.—In consequence of the rainy weather, the Washington Guard's annual target excursion did not take place yesterday. No day is fixed for it. The company will wait till the rain storm is over, and will then give one or two days' notice of the time appointed.

SMASH.—We hear that a conflict occurred yesterday, between the locomotive of the freight train on the O. & C. railroad, and a bull, a short distance this side of Jefferson. The train received some damage and the bull was hashed. Nobody hurt.

AGAIN POSTPONED.—The consecration of the Scandinavian Lutheran church at East Portland has been again postponed—to Sunday, Oct. 1st, in consequence of the failure of the workmen to finish the building.

WHY SUCH HASTE?—The *Era* complains that many persons, and especially those returning from burials, drive too fast over the bridges of East Portland. Our neighbors ought to make it a *grave* offense.

A SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—A two-horse team ran away with their driver, Wm. Albert, yesterday and threw him out, by which accident his right shoulder was dislocated and other injuries of a severe character inflicted.

MONEY OVERBOARD.—A gentleman who had taken passage by the *Ajax*, while passing over the gang-plank yesterday morning, dropped a package of money overboard. He stayed over to recover it.

UPPER COLUMBIA RIVER.—The boats above the Dalles are now making four trips per week to Wallula. Passengers leave The Dalles on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

PERSONAL, LOCAL AND GENERAL.

[From the Advocate.]

The preachers of the Salem and Eugene Districts will convene at Albany on Tuesday morning, October 31, 1871. Session to continue three days.

Rev. D. P. Gray, pastor of the Congregational Church at Oakland, California, has been spending a few weeks among his friends and relations in Oregon

Rev. G. P. Weaver arrived in our city by the *Ajax*, and will enter at once upon the discharge of his duties as pastor of the First Evangelical Church, corner of Fifth and Taylor streets. Services to-morrow morning and evening.

The M. E. Church building at Kalama was dedicated on the 17th inst. Young Wo & Co., a Chinese firm, made a handsome donation to the building fund. Rev. F. D. Winton is the pastor in charge.

[From the Catholic Sentinel.]

Since the enlargement of the Cathedral Church quite a number of pews have been added, which are now ready to be rented. Persons wishing seats will do well to at once apply to Very Rev. Father Fierens, V. G.

His Grace, Archbishop Blanchet, will, on next Sunday, visit the Church of the Sacred Heart, Oregon City; on Sunday, October 1st, St. Patrick's, Yamhill county, and on the Sunday following, St. Mary's, Corvallis.

The church celebrates next Friday, the feast of the Holy Archangel, St. Michael. This being the patron saint of St. Michael's College, the scholars of that institution will, on the afternoon of that day, the weather permitting, make an excursion into the neighborhood, accompanied by their reverend teachers.

CLARKE COUNTY FAIR.

The fourth annual Fair of the Clarke County Agricultural Society closed its exhibition on Thursday as advertised. The day was taken up by the examination of articles and stock on exhibition, which was quite limited, though some indeed were very fine, especially farm and garden products.

The floral exhibit was very creditable for a County Fair. There was a good lot of agricultural implements, all sent by dealers in this city. The insignia indicating the highest awards in the several lines was noticed attached to several of them.

A couple of horse races came off for purses awarded by the Society, one of $50 and the other of $100. Two horses in each race were entered. It is to be regretted we didn't get the names of those races. The first race was a farce, and the second ten times more ludicrous than the first. In the first race—single dash of a mile—the animals started even and ran half round the track, when one of them bolted and ran across the field to the Columbia river. His competitor won easily. The next race the horses started all right, but one of them after running about one hundred and fifty feet concluded to "buck." So he stopped stock still for a moment, and then gave an exhibition of some of the finest jumping in the bucking line we have witnessed since '49. After throwing its rider in the air, it ran straight off across the field and out and probably home, leaving its antagonist to leisurely gallop around and carry off the premium.

It is a great pity that such a splendid county as Clarke should be so poorly represented in her industrial and agricultural interests as at the late Fair. It is owing to but few fanciful causes, which it might not be amiss to mention, hoping that by another autumn they will be remedied. In the first place some of the officers of the Society are led by the ears about some little namby-pamby folly which sensible men should be ashamed of. They have gone so far as to let politics interfere slightly. Then again some of the farmers living far back from the river want the Fair grounds located in *their vicinity*—almost anywhere but in Vancouver. So they take the studs and stay at home. The county of Clarke is the best county in the Territory, and only second in population to Walla Walla. But we need not complain if her citizens choose to stand back and suffer such half and half way of running their Fairs to prevail.

CIRCUS.—Mlle. Jeal & Co.'s circus company returned from Vancouver yesterday. Their success at that place was not flattering. They have gone up the west side of the valley, and will swing round the circle in time to be at the State Fair.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Messrs. J. O'Neil & Co., 95 First street, are crowding their store with new goods. They have the Guanaco umbrella.

REAL ESTATE SALE.—Mr. A. B. Richardson will offer some real estate for sale at auction, this morning, at his sales room.

BOOTS AND SHOES STILL CHEAPER.—So E. Cahalin advertises this morning. He has been to San Francisco, and had rare chances to purchase largely and cheaply for the Winter trade. We advise you to call on him.

Messrs. Ross & Holden have purchased from Mr. J. H. Jones, the new saw mill on the macadamized road, and are ready to receive orders for any description of lumber. They also offer a lot of wood for sale at low rates. Office in rear of E. J. Northrup & Co. See advertisement.

CATARRH, Throat, Bronchial and Lung Affections are treated successfully by the new and scientific mode as practiced by Dr. Abora—at the St. Charles Hotel—also all diseases of the eye and ear.

WELCOME VISITOR.—Mr. Joseph Middlemiss, Superintendent of Agencies for the Pacific coast, of the New England Mutual Life Insurance Co., is in town "for a few days" and would be pleased to see at the Agency office of Mr. G. O. Rider, 92 Front street, any parties who may desire to effect an Insurance—his Company being the oldest Purely Mutual Company, operating as it does, under the Massachusetts law—and being well and favorably known—giving every advantage on payment of premiums and resorting to no experiments to gain business. We would say that his presence presents a very favorable opportunity.

CURES FOR DEAFNESS.

Let any one examine into the causes of deafness and he will find that nine out of every ten of them could have been cured in the beginning; after that, of course, when many of the parts are impaired there is very little hope of cure. Not that it is impossible, for many can be greatly ameliorated, and even cures performed after apparent structural injury, but it is more difficult and not much to be looked for; but whilst we say this, it ought to be an additional reason for attending to the earlier symptoms of aural disease, the tingling sensations and dullness of hearing, the tidal sounds and the sounds like a teakettle, as well as the whizzing sounds, and that like grasshoppers, which are heard by many persons, are often only premonitory symptoms of approaching deafness. Every one of these can be cured as easily as any other disease. Dr. Abora, at his office for chronic diseases, St. Charles Hotel, Portland, has perfected some remarkable cures by that attention and skill with which he treats every chronic disease. Office hours 9½ A. M. to 4 P. M., and 7 to 7½ P. M. No charge for consultation.

KOHN & FISHEL have received by the late steamers large invoices of clothing and gents furnishing, and they now have the largest and best assortment of goods in their line in the city. They sell low, and everybody can buy. Go to Kohn & Fishel's 91 Front street for bargains.

NOTICE.—All persons desirous of renting Pews in the First Congregational Church of Portland, and have not done so, are requested to make their selection during this week. A list of the assessment prices and chart of the room, will be left with the Pastor, Rev. Dr. Atkinson, who will give any information desired.

BY ORDER OF THE TRUSTEES.

Vichy Waters are curative in Gravel, Stone, Vesical Catarrh, Affections of the Intestinal Tube, Liver, Spleen, Hepatic Colic, Paludal Cachexia, Albuminera, Chlorosis, etc., and most soothing and preventive in Gout, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Diabetis, etc. For sale at C. H. Woodard & Co.'s Drug Store, Front Street, Portland

WILLIAM DAVIDSON,

REAL ESTATE DEALER.

Office. No. 64 Front Street,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

REAL ESTATE in this CITY and EAST PORTLAND, in the most desirable localities, consisting of LOTS, HALF BLOCKS and BLOCKS, HOUSES and STORES; also,

IMPROVED FARMS, and valuable uncultivated LANDS, located in ALL parts of the STATE for SALE.

REAL ESTATE and other Property purchased for Correspondents, in this CITY and throughout the STATES and TERRITORIES, with great care and on the most ADVANTAGEOUS TERMS.

HOUSES and STORES LEASED, LOANS NEGOTIATED and CLAIMS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS PROMPTLY COLLECTED. And a General FINANCIAL and AGENCY BUSINESS transacted.

AGENTS of this OFFICE in all the CITIES and TOWNS in the STATE, will receive descriptions of FARM PROPERTY and forward the same to the above address. foldawtf

Burnett's Kalliston is the best Cosmetic.

DR. B. H. FREELAND,

DENTIST.

LATE OF SAN FRANCISCO,

Office—Over Skidmore's Drug Store, No. 123 First St.,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

Having had a number of years practice in San Francisco, I feel competent to do First Class Work in all Dental operations. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Nitrous Oxide administered.

REFERENCES—Rev. William Roberts, Judge O. N. Denny, Dr. Hickadu, Messrs. Quimby & Perkins. mr31

ON MARRIAGE.

ESSAYS FOR YOUNG MEN, on great SOCIAL EVILS and ABUSES which interfere with MARRIAGE, and ruin the happiness of thousands, with sure means of relief for the Erring and Unfortunate, diseased and debilitated. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 S. Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa. se14dewlm

DR. J. R. CARDWELL,

Dentist.

DENTAL ROOMS,

No. 89 First Street, Portland, Oregon

The Late and Improved Styles of work at Reduced Rates. Nitrous Oxide Gas for the painless Extraction of Teeth. ap12tf

Over-doctored.

Without any disrespect to the members of the medical profession, a profession honored by all thinking men, it is only just to say that they are too thick on the ground. The consequence is that the community is doctored over much. When nature needs only the gentle stimulant and alterative, which has become famous throughout the country as a reliable medicine, under the name of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, she is not unfrequently dosed with a dozen prescriptions, all experimental, from the Pharmacopoeia. This is an evil, and proves that the practice of medicine is far from being at all times a healing art. At this period of the year, when the fall of the leaf indicates that decay has seized upon the vegetable kingdom, many harassing diseases are prevalent. Chief among these may be mentioned intermittent fever and bilious remittent. The exhalations arising from the decomposing vegetation, and the heavy dews and fogs, are very apt to generate these complaints. The wisest policy is to protect the system by a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters at the commencement of the fall. Much suffering may thereby be avoided. But if the disease has already begun, its periodical visitations may readily be checked and broken up by this active, yet harmless, vegetable tonic.

But be on your guard against the charlatans who are attempting to palm off, under various names, unwholesome compounds, which they pretend to compare favorably with the great national elixir, which has long swept more formidable opposition from the field. Bear in mind that every bottle of genuine Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is authenticated by a splendidly engraved label, and a fac simile of the sign manual of the firm. Put up n bottles only, and cannot be obtained in bulk.

BOOKS, STATIONERY, AND Musical Instruments.

GILL & STEEL,

(Successors to HARRIS & HOLMAN,)

87 Front Street,

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers IN

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,

Blank Books,

STATIONERY,

AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED AND NOW OFFER for sale the Largest and most Complete Stock ever Imported to this market, consisting in part of

NEW AND STANDARD MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,

SCHOOL BOOKS,

All kinds used in the State.

LAW AND MEDICINE BOOKS,

BLANK BOOKS—Every variety of Size & Ruling,

Counting House Stationery,

Initial Stationery—New Styles.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

Chickering Pianos!

AND

MASON & HAMLIN'S ORGANS!

We also offer very low for a limited time, PIANOS from Manufactories of Guild Church & Co, Holmes Bros, J. Bauer & Co, Mathushek Piano Co., and a large invoice of the TAYLOR & FARLEY ORGANS.

As all our goods come from Manufacturers and Publishers direct, we can offer the most liberal inducements to purchasers.

PIANOFORTE WAREROOMS up-stairs. s6dtf

GOLDSMITH'S ADDITION

TO THE

CITY OF PORTLAND

THE UNDERSIGNED NOW OFFERS FOR SALE AT

VERY REASONABLE RATES

BLOCKS AND FRACTIONAL BLOCKS

IN

GOLDSMITH'S ADDITION

TO THE CITY OF PORTLAND

Formerly known as the Balch Claim.

Commencing at about L and Twenty-sixth Streets, about ten minutes walk from the anticipated Street Railroad on B Street. The PROPERTY IS WELL SITUATED, about three-fourths of it level, no grading required, and is, either for

HOMESTEADS OR SPECULATION!

THE MOST DESIRABLE TO BE FOUND!

And will be sold on the following

TERMS:

One-fourth Cash; the balance in six, twelve and eighteen months, with nine per cent interest per annum. WARRANTY DEEDS GIVEN.

For further particulars, enquire at our Office, where Maps can be seen.

se15d3m GOLDSMITH BROS.

IF YOU WANT ANYTHING

In the line of

FURNITURE,

BEDDING,

WINDOW SHADES,

WALL PAPER,

Etc., Etc., go to

W. A. Buchanan's,

S. W. Corner First and Taylor Sts.,

WHERE IT CAN BE OBTAINED CHEAP FOR Cash. He has just received from England a large invoice of those pretty Nottingham Lace Curtains, which will be sold at $2 75 per pair. Cornices equally cheap. In the large warerooms attached to the store may be seen

BEDROOM AND PARLOR SUITS,

In every style.

LOUNGES, EASY CHAIRS,

BEDROOM LOUNGES, SOFAS,

And everything usually kept in a first-class establishment of the kind.

A stock of BRUSSELS and INGRAIN CARPETS on hand, at prices defying competition. Now is the time to buy. se21dlm

NEW DRY GOODS STORE

JUST OPENED!

BY

Taylor & Brownell,

Corner Third and Yamhill Streets.

THE STOCK CONSISTS OF MERINOS, PLAIN Poplin, Empress Cloth, Tamen, Satin Lawn, Alpacas, Waterproofs, Flannels, Shirtings, Table Linen, Hosiery, Notions, etc., all of which will be offered at low figures.

Housekeepers and others are respectfully invited to call and inspect the goods.

Taylor & Brownell,

COR. THIRD AND YAMHILL STREETS.

se22dtf

LABOR EXCHANCE.

F. DILLARD HOLMAN, OF THE LATE FIRM of McCoy, Holman & Co., will continue in business under the firm name of

F. DILLARD HOLMAN & CO.,

OFFICE—Near the Corner of First and Alder Streets,

(OVER DR. CHAPMAN'S DRUG STORE.)

Come one, come all, high and low, rich and poor. We treat all alike. F. DILLARD HOLMAN & CO.

se19 tf

For Sale.

For Sale,

LOT 1, BLOCK 57, STEPHEN'S ADDITION TO East Portland, $300; lot 2, $250; lot 3, $250; lot 4, $300; lot 5, $250; lot 6, $200; lot 7, $300; lot 8, $200. For particulars, see DELASHMUTT & BURCH,

se19 tf No. 92 Front Street.

One-Half Interest

IN A LIME QUARRY FOR SALE!

THE ONLY LIME QUARRY IN OREGON!—SITuated 12 miles from Woodburn Station, on the East Side Railroad. Kiln made of the best Sandstone, and capable of turning out 500 barrels of lime per week; fine water-power; two dwelling houses; blacksmith shop; lime house; large sheds, and a half interest in an Incorporated Wagon Road, four miles long. It is Hydraulic lime—hardens under water—and equal in every respect to the best Rosedale Cement. For particulars, see DELASHMUTT & BURCH,

se19 tf

FOR SALE!

BY

DELASHMUTT & BURCH,

Real Estate Agents,

LOTS AND BLOCKS IN GOLDSMITH'S ADDItion to Portland—one-fourth down; balance in 6, 12 and 18 months, with nine per cent. interest. Parties desiring homesteads on easy terms will do well to see this property before purchasing elsewhere. The ground is level, slopes to the east, commands a view of the city and river, and is, with the assistance of street cars, quite near enough to the business portion of the city for homestead purposes. A good portion of the land is clear, and in meadow. For particulars, call on

se19 tf DELASHMUTT & BURCH.

For Sale.

A LOT OF GOOD STORE SHELVING.

s13dtf RIDER, MOSKOWITZ & RISLEY.

For Sale.

HALF INTEREST IN THREE GOOD BUSINESSES. Low for cash.

s13dtf RIDER, MOSKOWITZ & RISLEY.

For Sale.

A FINE FAMILY CARRIAGE, A SPAN OF Horses and Harness. Also, a good single Buggy, Horse and Harness. Will sell low for cash, or exchange for real estate. For particulars see

s13dtf RIDER, MOSKOWITZ & RISLEY.

For Sale.

CHEAP FARMS, IMPROVED AND UNIMPROVED, in Clarke county, W. T. Apply to

SCHAEFER & BROWN,

au26d1m Vancouver.

For Sale.

THE POPULAR FIRST CLASS HOUSE, THE "NEW ORIENTAL HOTEL," Main street, Walla Walla, W. T., now doing a good paying business—80 to 125 daily guests. Office of the great North Western, Lewiston and Wallula Stage Company kept here.

My reason for selling is: I am engaged in other business that requires all my attention. For further particulars and terms enquire of J. D. COOK.

ap24dtf

To Let.

For Rent.

SEVERAL GOOD DWELLING HOUSES. A GOOD horse, harness and express wagon for sale. See RIDER, MOSKOWITZ & RISLEY,

Real Estate Brokers, St. Charles Hotel Building,

se21dtf Front street, Portland, Oregon.

For Rent.

A HANDSOME STORE ON FRONT STREET, TWO on First, and three on Third.

se21dtf RIDER, MOSKOWITZ & RISLEY.

For Lease.

THREE CHOICE FARMS—ONE IN WASHINGTON County and two in Yamhill County.

se21dtf RIDER, MOSKOWITZ & RISLEY.

Wants.

Wanted.

A GOOD COMMODIOUS STORE ON FRONT OR First streets. Will pay a reasonable bonus. See

se21dtf RIDER, MOSKOWITZ & RISLEY.

Wanted

FOR TWELVE MONTHS, $1,700, ON GOOD REAL Estate security, and one per cent interest. See

s13dtf RIDER, MOSKOWITZ & RISLEY.

Wanted

A RESIDENT AGENT FOR OREGON FOR ONE OF the most prominent New York Life Insurance Companies, whose liberal features render it the easiest in the country to solicit for. Very liberal terms will be afforded to a well qualified person. Address

a5d1m2p P. O. BOX 758, San Francisco, Cal.

Wanted Immediately.

SIX FIRST CLASS MOULDERS CAN GET STEADY Employment at $4 50 per day at the

au31dtf WILLAMETTE IRON WORKS CO.

AXEMEN.

200 Choppers and Loggers

WANTED

TO DO CLEARING WORK ON THE NORTHERN Pacific Railroad, between the Cowlitz River and Hogdon's. Also

WELL BROKEN OX TEAMS.

Men apply to C. T. SHELMAN, at Pumphrey's Landing on and after Monday, Sept. 10th.

Applications for Ox Teams, to FRANK HINCKLEY, Resident Engineer, Kidder's Camp, on Cowlitz.

Steady work and good wages.

THOS. B. MORRIS,

Kalama, Sept. 4. s5dto10 Eng'r Pac. Div.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY

FORTY

FIRST CLASS BOOT AND SHOE MAKERS

AT THE

Pacific Boot & Shoe Factory.

NONE BUT PRIME WORKMEN NEED APPLY.

Call at the PACIFIC BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE, corner Morrison and First streets, opposite Occidental Hotel, or at the Factory, corner Main and First streets.

s4dtf PROTZMAN, GILLIHAN & DONOVAN.

Received by Last Steamer,

AT

MUESDORFFER'S

The following Fall Styles in

HATS and CAPS

GRAND DUKE,

MORTIMER, CAVALIER,

LIVONIA, NOBBY,

AND THE

HUB, CORK LINING WATER PROOF.

NEW STYLES EVERY STEAMER

AT

MUESSDORFFER'S,

CORNER FRONT AND MORRISON.

se20dtf

500 Men Wanted Immediately

AT

J. E. GALLAGHER'S SHOE STORE,

193 FRONT STREET, PORTLAND,

WHERE THEY CAN SEE THE GREATEST IMprovement of the age. Having purchased a Shop Right from Wetsell & Co., General Agents for

W. W. KITCHEN'S PATENT HOLLOW METAL

BOOT AND SHOE HEELS!

I am prepared to furnish them to my customers on easy terms. Come and see me. J. E. GALLAGHER.

September 16, 1871. dawtol

GEO. H. JONES, Real Estate Broker. J. M. PATTERSON, Notary Public.

JONES & PATTERSON,

Real Estate Brokers,

INSURANCE AND COLLECTION AGENTS,

Commercial Hotel Building,

SALEM, OREGON.

CITY PROPERTY BOUGHT AND SOLD. HOUSES and STORES LEASED. FARMS AND WILD LAND FOR SALE. Special Attention given to Financial Negotiations, Conveyancing and General Agency Business. s18dawtf

Real Estate

REAL ESTATE

REAL ESTATE

Now Is Your Time to Invest.

STITZEL & UPTON.

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

Corner Front and Washington Streets,

PORTLAND, OREGON

Agents for the Sale of Blocks and Lots in

HOLLADAY'S ADDITION

TO

East Portland!

TO OUR PATRONS AND THE PUBLIC GENerally desiring to make SAFE and RELIABLE Investments in Real Property, we beg leave at this time to call your attention to this DESIRABLE TRACT, which has been subdivided into Blocks and Lots, and is now in the Market, to be sold in Alternate Lots and Blocks.

No one that has ever visited this body of land but what will say that it is the MOST ELIGIBLE for SUBURBAN RESIDENCES of any ever offered in this market; the land having a gradual slope from the River back to SEVENTEENTH STREET, there being scarcely any Block in the entire tract but what a

Fair View of the City of Portland and Willamette River

Can be had. Another advantage this Property will have for Residences: no high water will ever affect the drainage of the city.

The Oregon and California Railroad Company's New Ferry Boat is now making Regular Trips from the Foot of F street, Couch's Addition, to the Foot of Oneida street, Holladay's Addition.

IMPROVEMENTS TO BE MADE:

Aside from gigantic Improvements now in contemplation by the Railroad Company, in the construction of Wharves, Warehouses and Machine Shops, quite a number of citizens will commence erecting fine Residences and Business Houses; also, Street improvements, under contract, by grading and planking Holladay Avenue its entire length, to connect with the Sandy Road. We can say that at least a Half Million Dollars will be expended in Permanent Improvements on this Addition the present season.

TERMS OF SALE—40 per cent. CASH down; deferred payments, six and twelve months, with interest at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum.

NO QUESTION AS TO TITLE

The Title to this property is undisputed, being a portion of the Donation Land Claim of Jacob Wheeler and wife. United States Patent issued, and conveyed by said Wheeler and Wife to Geo. W. Weidler.

Parties desiring to invest will find Maps and Plats of the property at our Office, or at the Office of Messrs. FERRY, RUSSELL & WOODWARD, and other LAND AGENCIES in the city.

STITZEL & UPTON

Offer for sale a large amount of PORTLAND and EAST PORTLAND RESIDENCE and BUSINESS Property.

A large amount of choice FARMING LANDS for sale, situated in Multnomah, Washington, Yamhill, Polk, Benton, Lane, Marion, Clackamas and other counties of this State. For PRICE LIST call at our Office.

80-Acre Lot for sale, adjoining Holladay's Addition on the east. Apply to Stitzel & Upton.

5 and 10-Acre Lots for sale, adjoining East Portland, on reasonable terms. Apply to Stitzel & Upton.

5 and 20-Acre Lots for sale on the Macadamized Road three miles south of the city limits. Apply to Stitzel & Upton.

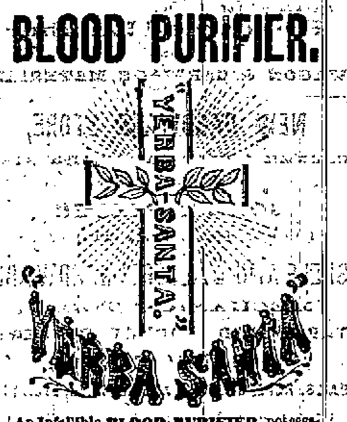
FARMS TO RENT—We have a number of Improved Farms, situated in Washington county, from 14 to 20 miles of Portland.

WANTED—At this Office, immediately, from two to three hundred Dwelling Houses, situated in Portland and East Portland. Tenants waiting patiently.

ap12dtf STITZEL & UPTON

THE GREAT

BLOOD PURIFIER.



An Infallible BLOOD PURIFIER, possessing rare TONIC and NERVINE properties—a certain cure for RHEUMATISM, GOUT, NEURALGIA, and all kindred Diseases.

It completely restores the system when impaired by disease, revives the action of the KIDNEYS and GENITAL ORGANS, radically cures SCROFULA, SALT RHEUM, and all ERUPTIVE and CUTANEOUS Diseases, gives immediate and permanent relief in DYSPEPSIA, ERYSIPELAS, Tumors, Boils, Scald Head, Ulcers and Sores; eradicates from the system all traces of Mercurial Disease.

It is PURELY VEGETABLE, being made from an herb found indigenous in California. It is therefore peculiarly suitable for use by Females and Children, as a BLOOD PURIFIER and RENOVATOR.

For Sale by all Druggists.

REDINGTON, HOSTETTER & CO.,

AGENTS,

529 and 531 Market Street,

San Francisco

R. F. DANFORTH'S

PATENTED

PETROLEUM FLUID

Perfectly FREE from the Danger of Explosion.

THIS FLUID, AFTER YEARS OF PATIENT EXperiment, and the expenditure of over one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, has been produced by R. F. DANFORTH, of Cleveland, Ohio, and has been introduced with perfect success.

IT CANNOT BE EXPLODED in a lamp, or in any way, or by any known test.

IT IS FREE FROM GREASE AND FILTH, and will not injure the finest fabric.

IT IS FREE FROM ALL DISAGREEABLE ODOR, and in this respect is preferable for a night lamp.

It gives a purer, more brilliant, and at the same time softer light than any oil or fluid in use, and is fully equal to gas light.

IT DOES NOT SMOKE THE CHIMNEY in the least.

A gallon of it will burn as long with the same height of blaze as Kerosene.

It is more easily extinguished, when ignited, than Kerosene.

It is strictly pure, containing no mixtures or chemicals, burns in an ordinary Kerosene lamp, with simply changing the burner, with or without a chimney.

THIS FLUID is now on Exhibition at the

CROCKERY STORE

OF

H. W. MONNASTES,

129 FIRST STREET,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

Where every one is invited to call and see for themselves au21dlm

Hawley Dodd & Co.

Portland, Oregon

offer for sale at the lowest market price

Hardware Iron, Steel

and Agricultural Implements.

Exclusive Sale for Oregon for

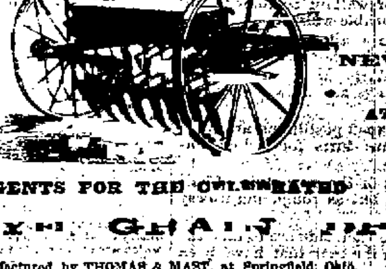
JOHN DEERE'S MOLINE PLOWS,

BY FAR THE BEST PLOW IN USE!

WE ALSO OFFER FOR SALE THE CELEBRATED

Collins' Cast Steel Plows,

For Either Turf or Stubble Land

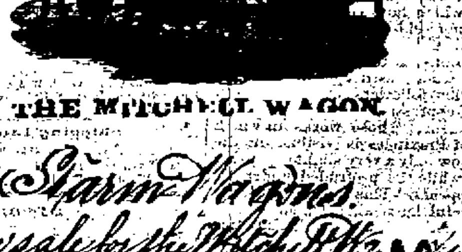


AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE GRAIN DRILL!

Manufactured by THOMAS & MAST, at Springfield, Ohio.

And are the Most Successful Drill in Use.



THE MITCHELL WAGON.

Farm Wagons

exclusive sale for the Mitchell Wagon with

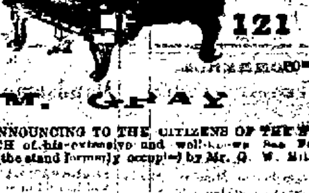
patent Round Reach (something new)

no other wagon has this, we consider

them the best wagon for sale in this State.

Send for descriptive Circulars.

NEW MUSIC STORE!



623 and 625 CLAY ST.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Branch House

121 First St.

M. GRAY

TAKES GREAT PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING TO THE CITIZENS OF THE STATE OF OREGON THAT he has this day opened a BRANCH of his extensive and well-known San Francisco MUSIC [illegible] at 121 First street, Portland, (the stand formerly occupied by Mr. G. W. Billman,) with an [illegible] new and extensive Stock of

PIANOS, ORGANS, GUITARS, VIOLINS

FRENCH AND GERMAN

ACCORDEONS, CONCERTINAS, FLUTINAS, MUSIC BOXES, FLUTES, FIFES, PICOLOS, [illegible]

BRASS AND SILVER BAND INSTRUMENTS. FINEST VIOLIN AND GUITAR STRINGS.

The Largest and Best Selected Stock of

SHEET MUSIC and MUSIC BOOKS

ON THIS COAST.

SOLE AGENTS for the Pacific Coast for STEINWAY & SONS, Kranich Bache Co., [illegible] Pianos; BURDETT ORGANS, (the finest Reed Organ in the World), Martin's Guitars, and [illegible] Silver Band Instruments. Pianos and Organs for Rent and Rent applied to purchase.

Second Hand Instruments taken in exchange.

All kinds of Musical Instruments Tuned and Repaired. New Music Published, and received from the East every day.

SPECIAL NOTICE—Parties in Portland having Steinway Pianos that need Tuning and [illegible] will find it to their advantage to call or leave their address with

G. L. DePRANS,

jy19dtf Manager "Gray's Music Store," Portland, Oregon.

BANCROFT & MORSE,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer, in

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

PUBLISHERS AND MANUFACTURERS AGENTS,

104 FIRST Street, next to the Postoffice,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL STOCK OF

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, SCHOOL BOOKS, TOY BOOKS,

JUVENILE BOOKS,

And everything in the BOOK line. Also, a large and well selected Stock of

STATIONERY,

SUCH AS

PAPER, ENVELOPES, BLANK BOOKS,

INKS, MUCILAGE, SLATES, PENCILS,

PENS, PENHOLDERS, BLOTTING PAPER,

GAMES, COPYING BOOKS AND PRESSES,

PORTFOLIOS, ALBUMS,

PERFORATED BOARD, BRISTOL BOARD,

DRAWING PAPER, TRACING PAPER AND CLOTH,

INVOICE FILES, RUBBER GOODS,

WOSTENHOLMS' POCKET KNIVES,

INITIAL PAPER, VISITING CARDS,

WEDDING AND MOURNING STATIONERY,

And every conceivable thing in the stationery line, and at prices that will [illegible]

NEW BOOKS BY EVERY STEAMER.

Give us a call. All communications should be addressed to

s6dtf BANCROFT & MORSE, 103 First street, Portland, Oregon.

WM. H. WETSELL,

HAVING PURCHASED THE RIGHT FOR THE State of Oregon of

KITCHEN'S HOLLOW METAL

Boot and Shoe Heel!

Is now prepared to Sell Shop Rights.

Samples may be seen at Protzman, Gillihan & Co.'s Boot and Shoe Store. Cheaper to the Manufacturer and more durable to the wearer. Also,

WETSELL'S NEW AND IMPROVED

Newspaper Clamp!

For Sale at all the Book Stores of the city.

Portland, Sept. 8, 1871. dlm

SNOW & ROOS

HAVE REMOVED THEIR LARGE STOCK OF

PICTURES AND PICTURE FRAMES

TO

71 First Street,

NEXT DOOR TO LADD & TILTON'S BANK.

a1dlm

COAL OIL.

WE HEREBY RESPECTFULLY NOTIFY THE public that Messrs. PLATT & NEWTON, of SAN FRANCISCO, are SOLE AGENTS for the sale of our DAYLIGHT Brand of PETROLEUM, packed in our Patent Cans and C[illegible]

BOSTWICK & TILFORD.

New York, June 12th

YOU CAN SAVE

From $50 to $125 in the [illegible] of a

PIANO

By taking Stock in the

OREGON

PIANOFORTE AND ORGAN ASSOCIATION

BY-LAWS and full particulars of its workings can be obtained at the OFFICE OF THE ASSOCIATION,

W. T. SHANAHAN'S MUSIC STORE,

s1dtf [illegible] First street, Portland.

FASHION NOTES.

The chignon's reign is ended.

Turban hats are more in vogue than ever.

Bonnet strings are wider and very much longer.

Chatelaine braids will not be worn much longer.

Little soap locks on the side of the face are out of date.

Sack overcoats with capes will be the style for boys.

The hair is worn less frizzy and puffy than last season.

The postillion, variously modified, retains popularity.

Short curls and frizetts on the forehead are still in vogue.

The plaited Garibaldi waists continue to grow in favor.

The hair on the temple continues to be worn high and smooth.

Double and single round capes are to be worn for early fall.

Vests are still in vogue, either real or simulated by the trimming.

Felt bonnets are to be worn for weather suits by those who do not like hats.

Plaited and twisted coronets of hair are to supersede the Pompadour roll.

Not much change in bonnets, but they are larger and more cottage shaped.

The short skirt for walking costume is still to be retained by sensible women.

Shoulder seams are still high and short, following the line of the shoulders.

Aprons to overskirts are much wider, and the side loopings are drawn very far back.

Very long coat-shaped postillions are to be worn with demi train skirts for indoor toilets.

The general effect of the new style of hair dressing is Grecian, but as rough and frowsy as ever.

Two long curls on each side are to take the place of the curls in the back that have been worn so long.

THE ACT OF BREATHING IN ANCIENT SCULPTURE.—The well-known archæologist Helbig has lately called attention in the *Grenzboten* (No. 50,) to the mode of representing the action of breathing in antique sculpture. In the first state of [illegible] Greek art the only means of representing the act of breathing seems to have been a heaving breast with the lips closed as in the [illegible] of T[illegible]. A further advance was found in the opening of the mouth, which, however, [illegible] in an imperfect manner, chiefly by protruding the under lip. This theory, if true, may serve to explain appellations like that of the "yawning" Dionysos of Samos, used by later Greeks. Phidias and his followers continued both these modes of expression as characteristic finish and grandeur. Those works in which the influence of Praxiteles is visible, on the other hand, show only a very slight expansion of the breast, while the protruded under lip entirely disappears. This last is perfectly with that graceful laisser-aller, which form a chief characteristic of the works of this school. In the [illegible] of development, as introduced by Lysippus, the action of breathing leaves no impression on the lower part of the body, while its surface, showing the veins, skin, muscles, is rendered with exquisite life-like accuracy. In the time after Alexander, the closed lips occur again but seemingly only in portrait busts, while the statues of gods and heroes preserved their classical traditions.—*The Academy*.

The bosom of the editor of the Mobile *Register* is inhabited by a stern and implacable spirit. In a recent issue of that paper this chivalrous editor furnished the following illustration of [illegible] puritanism:

"We would never buy a book published by a house that uses the Connecticut orthography. We would, above all the rest, never permit a book of that sort—whatever might be its merits in other respects—to come into a school room, nor a teacher to be employed, unless he were orthodox in his orthography—in other words, unless he used the English, instead of the Webster, language."

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

PORTLAND, FRIDAY EVENING, Sept. 22, 1871.

Gold in New York, 114½.

Currency, buying, 87½; selling, 88.

[illegible] this morning on time.

The [illegible] *John L. Stephens*, from San Francisco, with cargo, assorted merchandise, is due on Monday. She is advertised to leave for San Francisco on the 27th.

[illegible] sails for Puget Sound on the 28th.

The brig *Orient* goes to Cathlamet to load lumber [illegible]

There are but two large ocean vessels disengaged in the river—the *Niobe* at Kalama and *Bristolian* here. There are eight vessels to arrive from England that will seek return [illegible]

The telegraph to-day announces the arrival in San Francisco of the schooner *Verona* from the Arctic Ocean with following cargo: [illegible] 691 sable, 298 white fox, 1,463 red fox, 2,800 [illegible], 24 Arctic wolf skins; 27,000 lbs whale bone; [illegible] ivory, and other products of the Arctic regions, purchased from natives in Northern Alaska. The *Verona* wintered in Petrof [illegible] and was fitted out by a party of San Franciscans. The venture has proved a very profitable one.

East[illegible] advices state that the Pacific Mail Steamship Co. are to receive a very large monthly subsidy from the trans-continental Railroad C[illegible] in consideration of uniting in the combination for advancing freights. Price estimated from $50,000 to $100,000 per month. The freight will be advanced fully 50 [illegible]

From [illegible] letter in the San Francisco *Alta* we glean the following, as balance of letter was anticipated by [illegible] previously noted by us:

"Mr. [illegible], who is considered among the very best authorities on the subject of the crops of the United Kingdom, in a communication to the London *Times*, estimates the wheat crop of 1871 at 9,900,000 qrs against 13,000,000 qrs in 1870, 12,000,000 qrs in 1869 and 10,500,000 qrs in 1868, the most prolific [illegible] crop ever produced in the Kingdom. His estimate is 22 bushels per acre, or 8 bushels less than that of 1870.

The latest rough estimates from France are on a basis less favorable than was at one time, earlier in the season, expected, and are about two-thirds of an average crop of wheat in bushels and of inferior quality.

The wheat crop of Southern Russia and Hungary are unsatisfactory and it is anticipated both countries will have less than an average crop. The wheat crop of Spain and Portugal is probably equal to their wants, with perhaps some surplus for export. The reports of the wheat crop in Germany are generally favorable to a full average. There is, however, a redeeming feature that prevails in nearly all European countries. The spring grain crops are prolific, and in most of them the root crops are promising. [illegible] complaints in the United Kingdom, Belgium, Holland and Germany, of the potato disease, but in consequence of the weather which prevailed during nearly the entire month of August, the ravages of the disease were stayed, and the damage will be local, and only on the heavy clay soils.

The rates of interest charged by the Bank of England are watched with great interest by all, as it is a guide to money matters in Europe, which have great bearing upon commercial relations with other countries, and a direct influence upon the prices of merchandise imported. At the commencement of this year the rates of interest were high, but they gradually fell until in August rates were only 2 ℘c. per annum; but by telegraph we are informed rates have been advanced to 3 ℘c, showing most conclusively that the money plethora which has characterized the market in Europe is being gradually reduced. From the middle of August until near the first of the year there is a great outward flow of coin to make purchases of Cotton, Wool, Grain, etc., so that the export of specie is greater than that of manufactured goods, but after the first of the year the tide of trade again changes and specie finds its way back again. This season, prices combine to make the flow of coin greater than for many years, if not within the financial history of England. From all accounts, the Wheat crop is short, but the crop of Oats and Barley is largely above an average, and prices are high, over $3 ℘ cental, or 100 lbs, and the importation this year of Wheat will be very large, and, of necessity the demand regulates prices at all supply ports, [illegible] prices at all points to advance, necessitating the exporting of larger sums to meet the increased prices. Wool opened high at all points of supply, and as the season advanced [illegible] advanced, until they reached very high rates. Cotton has been and is still advancing in price. The total [illegible] of these articles (Cotton and Wool), owing to depleted stocks of Cotton and Woolen fabrics in Great Britain and on the Continent, is larger than has marked the consumption in England for many years, and the consequence is that the demand for money to meet purchases of Cotton and Wool, owing to increased consumption and increased demand for fabrics, has been and is likely to continue very great, even into next year. The demand for money to meet purchases for Wheat and Corn (for more Corn is being imported into the United Kingdom than ever before known) thus taking to a great extent the place of Cotton and Wool, [illegible] only the usual average [illegible] of Wheat) is also very great.

Another cause of the rates being advanced has been a large flow of money to France. The advance in the interest by the Bank of England, giving with almost certainty of further advances will stop all speculative demand for money, if any existed, to further advance price of Breadstuffs in England and the Continent, and another effect, it will in all likelihood produce, will be that many heavy and large importers who have not been meeting obligations in Europe, owing to the low rates of interest, preferring to pay interest, will be asked to remit, which must be in exchange from sales of product of the United States in England and the Continent, or in specie. If in the latter, it will cause a still greater demand for specie, causing prices for gold to advance still higher. Our dispatches say that "there is a large outflow of specie to America, £70,000 going to New York to-day by steamer." This is very small amount for a large outflow, but then there are many places both in North and South America where English purchases are made.

Merchandise Report.

WHEAT—Market remains as at last quotations. The *Dovenby*'s cargo is about all secured, and she will have quick dispatch. The probabilities are that as soon as the *Dovenby*'s cargo is fully secured, which will be within a few days, that shippers will be out of the market, except for lots at lower rates. We quote market with sacks, $2 15@2 20 ℘ cental; without sacks, from 14@15c ℘ cental less. These are prices for immediate delivery, as we are not informed of purchases being made for future delivery only at lower rates. Liverpool quotations, 12s 7d, a decline of 1d.

FLOUR—Market inactive and weak; prices unchanged.

BOOTS AND SHOES—Stocks and assortments large. Importations have been quite heavy, Messrs. J. Kraemer & Co. alone importing from the East between 1,300 and 1,500 cases made and selected expressly for this trade.

PAPER—Our Eastern exchanges report market as continuing very firm and in good demand. Advices from manufacturing districts throughout the country mention the great scarcity of water, and many manufacturers refuse to make new contracts until they see their way out of old ones. Rag news, 13@15c; straw do, 13c.

TOBACCO—Late Richmond dates report decreased offerings and higher prices, common sorts having advanced fully 50c ℘ 100 lbs during the week, with every prospect of a further rise, as only two-thirds of a crop would be housed. The breaks for the first 11 months of the year ending Sept. 1st were 36,000 hhds, 12,500 trcs, and 2,930 bxs, against 27,500 hhds, 9,000 trcs and 1,930 bxs for the same time in the previous season.

QUICKSILVER—By private dispatches we are informed of another advance of 5 cts. Quotable in this market at 90 cts.

Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 22.—Wheat—Small lots sold ordinary coast, $2 60; good to choice, $2 62½@2 67 ℘ cental, which are above market rates.

Flour—No sales. *Ringleader* finishes loading for Hong Kong next week. Quotations unchanged.

Oats—Market heavy at $1 85@1 95 ℘ cental.

Hay—Quotable by cargo $19 50@22 ℘ ton.

Potatoes—Half Moon, $1; Mission, 70@80c ℘ 100 lbs.

Eggs—Sales 45@46c ℘ doz, with market weak at close.

Daily Receipts of Produce.

Per *Senator*—90 bxs apples, A & L; 8,168 qr sks and 400 hf sks flour, J Saxe & Co; 20 bxs fruit, J H Lambert; 1 bale woolen goods, L White & Co; 3 bxs eggs, Quimby; 1 pkg corn, A & L.

Per O & C R R—O R Comstock & Co, 130 sks wheat; Diamond R, 23 bxs [illegible], A & L, 3 bxs eggs, 18 bgs dried apples; A A Cohn, 4 dry hides; Capt West, 1 horse; J L Bros, 10 bgs bacon, 2 bxs eggs; R Fay, 6 bxs eggs, 1 coop [illegible]; H & C, 30 cs linseed oil; H A Co, 100 sks oil meal; H F & Co 800 sks wheat; S & E, 753 sks wheat, E I & Co, 1 cs tallow; W A 3 bxs poultry; O & M, 148 sks wheat; K Bros, 204 sks flour; G O B, 160 sks oil meal; H & B, 1,724 sks flour; G L S, 15 cs linseed oil; F & P, 40 sks oil meal; L W & Co, 38 sks bacon; O R McD 1 pkg dried apples; W L, 13 bxs eggs, 1 bale hides; E B 1 bx mdse.

Shipping Intelligence.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 22.—Sailed—Bark *Rival*, Astoria; *Helen W. Almy*, Portland.

EXPORTS.

Per *Ajax* to San Francisco—6,025 sks wheat, 18 bales and 14 cs woolen goods, 603 hf sks and 2,098 qr sks flour, 7 hf bbl apples, 216 bx eggs, 11 bdls skins, 817 hides, 1 bbl mdse, 27 sks bones, 27 empty kegs, 100 box plums, 1 cs wheat.

GREAT SALE

OF

LAND AT AUCTION!

On Tuesday, 10th day of October, 1871,

There will be a

GREAT SALE OF REAL PROPERTY

IN THE CITY OF

ASTORIA,

Clatsop County, Oregon.

THE LANDS TO BE SOLD WILL CONSIST OF

LOTS AND BLOCKS

In the Town of Astoria, and

Handsome Sites for Residences!

Immediately adjacent to the town.

The LOTS and BLOCKS comprise some of the Choicest in the town for Residences or Business purposes, and the SUBURBAN LANDS, admirably situated for Residences, will be sold in such parcels as to suit purchasers.

Among the Lands to be Sold are the following:

Lots.	Blocks.	Lots.	Blocks.
5	2	1, 2	104
7, 8	47	1, 2	105
3, 4, 5, 6	89	3, 4, 5, 6	115
6	65	5, 6	126
all	71	1	130
all	74	3, 4, 5, 6	137
5, 6	76	6, 7	146
1, 2	81	5	147
3	88	2, 3, 4	148
4	94	3, 4	160
2	10	1	150

ALSO:

THIRTY-EIGHT TRACTS OR PARCELS OF LAND,

Adjoining the Town of Astoria, containing from One to Six and a half Acres.

ALSO,

"THE KLASKANINE FARM!"

A Magnificent Property, valued by the Appraisers at

$7,000.00!

The acknowledged Natural Advantages of the Town of Astoria, its convenient access by Sea and Inland Navigation; its pleasant and healthful climate, all render it one of the most desirable places on the northern coast to obtain property.

These Lands will be Sold at Auction, and if only "Auction Prices" are realized, SALE WILL BE ABSOLUTE.

THE TITLE IS PERFECT, as any Lawyer will certify upon examination.

Let any person compare the Astoria of to-day with the Astoria of ten years ago, and he will want no further argument to prove that the investment at present prices CANNOT BE UNSAFE, and is likely to be IMMENSELY PROFITABLE.

The proposed Sale is to be made to pay the debts of the late Judge Olney.

For further particulars apply at the office of the County Clerk of Clatsop county, at Astoria, or at the office of Hill, Thayer & Williams, Attorneys-at-Law, Portland.

Astoria, Sept. 8th, 1871.

JACKSON G. HUSTLER,
HENRY S. AIKEN,

Devisees of the Estate of Cyrus Olney, deceased, and Executors of his last will and testament.

s13td

CUSTOM-MADE BOOTS & SHOES

and LEATHER.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS JUST RECEIVED A large assortment of

FRENCH CALFSKIN AND ENGLISH LEATHER.

Also, a large Stock of BOOTLEGS, GAITER UPPERS, and all kinds of SHOE UPPERS, ready fitted.

Also, I am prepared to Manufacture

LADIES' AND GENTS' WEAR

In the Latest and most Fashionable Styles. All work warranted to fit and give satisfaction.

WILLIAM PALMER,
No. 70 Front St.,
Near the Ferry Landing, Portland, Oregon.

jy29dtf

TO THE LADIES OF PORTLAND!

I HAVE JUST RETURNED FROM SAN FRANCISCO with a Large Assortment of LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S

BOOTS & SHOES

Of the VERY BEST QUALITY, which I purchased regardless of price, and which I intend to sell at the most reasonable rates. I do not intend to sell at or below cost, but at prices that will make me a fair living, and am sure will be satisfactory to those who will favor me with a call. My motto is to keep nothing but First Class work, which I can recommend to my customers. All I ask is a call and will be happy to show our assortment of LADIES' and CHILDREN'S GAITERS.

T. RODGERS,
First street, bet. Morrison and Yamhill,

s2dtf

COBURN & McCABE,

BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS,

COR. WASHINGTON and FRONT STS.,
UP-STAIRS.

Entrance on Washington St.

je10ddtf

Grocers.

WM. WADHAMS, Portland. | W. K. LEVERIDGE, A. P. EVERETT, 318 Front St., San Francisco.

LEVERIDGE, WADHAMS & CO.

(SUCCESSORS TO R. C. SNEATH,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Forwarding & Commission Merchants,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

LEVERIDGE, EVERETT & CO.,

Commission and Forwarding Merchants,

318 Front St., corner of Commercial,

SAN FRANCISCO.

al dtf

CITY BAKERY

AND

Provision Store.

R. PITTOCK,

NO. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET,

Opposite Lower Steamship Landing

and Corner First and Morrison Streets

Wholesale and Retail manufacturer of

BREAD,

Butter, Water, Sugar, Boston and Soda

CRACKERS,

PILOT BREAD, PIES, CAKES, &c., &c.

and all kinds of

STEAMBOAT AND SHIP STORES,

Family Groceries,

FEED, FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c., &c.

☞ Bread and Stores delivered to any part of the City. Orders from a distance carefully filled and promptly dispatched.

☞ The business hereafter will be conducted STRICTLY ON THE CASH PRINCIPLE.

CORBETT FAILING & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO

HENRY FAILING AND H. W. CORBETT & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY,

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

IRON and STEEL,

ROPE, ETC., ETC.

Agents for the Sale of

DUPONT'S GUNPOWDER.

Nos. 53 & 55 Front St.,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

Portland, January 2, 1871. ja2dtf

GEO. L. HIBBARD. | THOS. H. VEASEY.

GEO. L. HIBBARD & CO.

DEALERS IN

Groceries, Provisions,

DRIED FRUITS,

HAY, GRAIN AND FEED,

Doors, Windows, Blinds, Lime, Cement, Plaster, &c.

98 Front St., Portland, Oregon.

ALSO,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Agents for SALEM MILLS FLOUR and SAN JUAN LIME.

☞ Consignments Solicited.

DOORS! DOORS! DOORS!

AT HIBBARD & CO.'S WILL BE FOUND A COMPLETE assortment of DOORS, WINDOWS and BLINDS. Those who contemplate building, and all Carpenters and Builders will do well to call and examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Also a large lot of

Hardwood Lumber

AND

WAGON & CARRIAGE MATERIAL.

mr30dtf.

NEW HARDWARE STORE,

CORNER FRONT AND STARK STS.,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

JOHN R. FOSTER

HAS FOR SALE AT THE LOWEST RATES,

SHELF AND BUILDERS' HARDWARE,

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,

MINERS' GOODS,

NAILS, ROPE, SHOVELS, ANVILS, AXES, ETC., ETC.

Which he invites buyers to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Would invite particular attention of buyers of Builders Hardware and House Trimmings, either at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

je21dtf

JOHN R. FOSTER.

R. C. JANION, Liverpool. | JANION, RHODES & CO., Victoria, B. C.

JANION & RHODES,

IMPORTERS AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

27 FRONT STREET, PORTLAND.

AGENTS FOR LLOYDS.

HENRY RHODES,

AGENT FOR BOARD OF MARINE UNDERWRITERS, San Francisco.

jy12 d0m

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE FIRM OF WICKS & BRUEN, OF THE CITY of Portland is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. Bruen retiring from the business.

WM. O. BRUEN,
E. WICKS.

Sept. 1st, 1871.

The undersigned will continue the business at the old stand, No. 7 Washington Street, Portland, Oregon, under the name of

E. WICKS'

BILLIARD AND SAMPLE ROOMS!

And will collect and settle all liabilities of the old firm.

Sept 1st, 1871. s14dtf

E. WICKS.

SUGARS AND MOLASSES.

Ex Bark *Jane A. Falkinburg*

FROM HONOLULU,

4,000 kegs SUGAR, assorted grades;

80 bbls MOLASSES,

FOR SALE BY

ALLEN & LEWIS.

au31d1m

Reward.

$40 WILL BE PAID FOR THE ARREST AND conviction of the person or persons who stole a small Chinese Servant Girl (aged 12 years, face dark and fleshy, and used pock marked) from the premises of Wa Kee Company, on Sunday, August 13, 1871. Or $20 for the recovery of the Girl.

SAM POEH,
Of Wa Kee Company.

Portland, August 30, 1871. au31d1m

COAL OIL,

GASOLINE, 85°, for Gas Machines,
[illegible] for Lamps,

GEO. L. STORY,

jy26 45 Front St., Portland. dtf

ANOTHER LOT OF FINEST

Lost.

ON MADISON STREET, BET. FRONT AND FIRST, a Lady's Purse, with a sum of money, for which a liberal reward will be given to return at this office.

sept20dtf.

Hotels and Restaurants.

THE LAFAYETTE,

ORO FINO THEATER BUILDING.

THE ATTENTION OF EPICURES IS CALLED TO the fact that this POPULAR RESTAURANT has lately been elegantly fitted up.

PRIVATE ROOMS for ladies and Gentlemen are attached to the house and every attention will be paid to customers.

The Tables are supplied with the best the market affords.

Meals at all hours.

au2dtf

SOL. HARRIS, Prop'r.

NOTICE.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES

AT THE

St. CHARLES HOTEL

FROM THE FIRST DAY OF AUGUST THE PRICE of Board and Rooms will be reduced to the following rates:

Transient, Room and Board, per day..........$2 00

Suites of Rooms and Board, Extra...$2 to 4 00

Permanent, Single Room and Board:

Per week..........$10 and upwards

Day Boarders, per week..........$7 00

Suites of Rooms for Families in proportion.

Beds, per night..........75c

This being the only First Class Hotel in the city—being built of brick, with Bar and Billiard Rooms on the premises. Table and attendance unsurpassed on the Coast, and all the modern improvements—the subscriber trusts with the above combination of advantages to meet with a proportionate share of patronage from the citizens of Portland and the traveling public.

jy29dtf

JOHN J. JACOBS, Proprietor.

CHEMEKETA HOUSE,

SALEM, OREGON.

THIS NEW AND ELEGANT HOTEL WITH SUITES of Rooms, especially adapted to the accommodation of families, and supplied with every modern convenience is now open to the reception of guests.

R. P. EARHART, Prop'r.

17th July, 1871. jy17dtf

THE GLOBE HOTEL,

CORNER FRONT AND C STS.

I HAVE ADDED TO MY HOUSE A GREAT MANY Improvements in all Departments lately.

Persons wishing accommodations will find everything at the GLOBE HOTEL THEY CAN DESIRE FOR COMFORT.

The tables are supplied with the best the market affords.

Call and see the improved changes in the Globe.

jyldtf

LEONARD STARK.

THOMPSON'S TWO-BIT HOUSE,

FRONT STREET, NEAR MAIN,

Where there is hi-yu muck-a-muck and no airs.

☞ Employers wanting Help, skilled or unskilled, please call.

No bummers allowed on the premises. je27dtf

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,

Front St., corner of Morrison,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

M. RUDOLPH, Proprietor.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING NEWLY FURnished and refitted the above-named hotel, will henceforth conduct in good style.

Rooms can be had by the day, week or month.

Suites of Rooms for the special accommodation of families.

Board and Lodging per day, $1 00 to $1 50. Cheaper by the week.

The Hotel Coach will be in attendance at each Car and Steamboat to convey passengers to the Hotel free of charge.

ja5dtf

M. RUDOLPH, Prop'r.

AMERICAN EXCHANGE!

(LATE LINCOLN HOUSE)

Corner Washington and Front Streets

PORTLAND, OREGON.

L. P. W. QUIMBY & C. H. PERKINS,

HAVING taken the above House, wish to announce to the public that they are now prepared to accommodate guests in a satisfactory manner. Nothing will be left undone, which is in the power of the proprietors to do, to render guests comfortable.

FREE COACH TO THE HOUSE.

Portland, Feb. 2, 1867. dtf

EDUCATIONAL.

HOME AND SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

PACIFIC UNIVERSITY, FOREST GROVE.

For particulars, address President Marsh, or

REV. C. M. BLAKE, A. M.,
Forest Grove, Oregon.

je19dawtf

THE BISHOP SCOTT GRAMMAR SCHOOL,

PORTLAND.

A BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR BOYS, under the supervision of the RIGHT REV. B. WISTAR MORRIS, D. D.

PROFESSOR R. W. LAING, Head Master.

The Christmas Term will begin on the 5th of September.

☞ Those desiring to be admitted as Boarding Pupils should make early application. jy25d3m

---

ST. HELEN'S HALL,

PORTLAND.

A BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, conducted by the MISSES RODNEY, under the supervision of the RIGHT REV. B. WISTAR MORRIS, D. D.

The Christmas Term will begin on the 6th of September.

☞ Those desiring to be admitted as Boarding Pupils should make early application. jy25d3m

---

New York.

CHARLES DIMON.

COMMISSION MERCHANT

FOR

Buying, Selling and Forwarding all kinds of Merchandise.

P. O. Box 4,094. 93 LIBERTY ST., NEW YORK.

Goods marked to my care will be shipped VIA ISTHMUS, RAIL OR CAPE HORN as instructed.

Refer to Messrs. Ladd & Tilton, Knapp, Burrell & Co., and Savior & Co., Portland; R. M. Wade, Esq., Salem.

f18dly

WILLIAM H. PRATT.

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT

WITH THE

EASTERN & PACIFIC STATES.

All commands, either in purchasing, or disposing of consignments, promptly and faithfully executed.

Office—63 Broad St., Boston.

L. M. PRATT, Agent, Salem, Oregon.

REFERENCES—J. D. Kimball & Co., Pearl St., Boston. Haughton, Perkins & Co., Winthrop Sq., Boston; W. R. Mitchell & Co., Washington St., N. Y.; A. J. Bates & Co., Warren St., N. Y.; A. N. Towne, General Sup't Central Pacific R. R., Sacramento, Cal.; Hon. R. P. Boise, Salem, Oregon.

au25d3m

J. M. KEELER. | FRED'K HALSTEAD.

KEELER & HALSTEAD,

95 Liberty St., New York.

OREGON AND N. W. COMMISSION

AGENCY

FOR BUYING AND FORWARDING DIRECT, VIA Isthmus, Rail and Cape Horn, with San Francisco connections, all classes and varieties of Merchandise and for sale of Exports from the North-West.

Advances made on approved consignments, and orders respectfully solicited. All orders and business will receive prompt attention.

REFERENCES—New York: N. Y. Nat'l Bank, cor. College Place and Chambers St.; Messrs. A. E. & C. E. Tilton, 95 Liberty street; Messrs. J. L. Brownell & Bros., Bankers, 28 Broad street; Messrs. Bently, Miller & Thomas, 84 South street. Oregon: Messrs. Ladd & Tilton, Bankers, Portland; Hon. E. D. Shattuck, Portland; Messrs. Ladd & Bush, Bankers, Salem; A. A. McCully, Esq., Salem.

d26dtf

P. VAN FRIDACH,

FRENCH MILLINERY & DRY GOODS

STORE,

No. 105 FIRST STREET,

Opposite the Postoffice.

The Best Preparation for the

HAIR

[illegible]

KINKEAD'S SAGE BRUSH TONIC.

jy16dtf

AVERILL'S CHEMICAL PAINTS.

GEO. L. STORY,
45 Front street.

jy26dtf

Watches and Jewelry.

FASHIONABLE JEWELRY STORE,

109 FIRST ST.

Diamonds & Jewelry.

GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

SOLID SILVER & PLATED WARE,

AT A GREATLY REDUCED PRICE.

It is a well known fact that I keep on hand the best assorted and finest stock of goods in our line in the State and any one desiring to purchase will find it so.

L. C. HENRICHSEN,

JEWELRY STORE,

109 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

And by the way, we should like all parties having any claim against the late firm to present the same, and all parties knowing themselves indebted to us to call and settle the same. au12dtf L. C. HENRICHSEN.

The Cheapest and Best Jewelry Store in the City.

R. L. STONE,

107 FRONT ST., PORTLAND, OREGON.

DEALER IN

Watches and Jewelry.

Has the best selection in the city of

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE

Also, a full assortment of

PEBBLE AND OTHER SPECTACLES

REPAIRING of all kinds promptly attended to.

jy20dtf

OYSTERS.

DEPOT FOR

SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS!

G. W. WARREN & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS.

Office—Over G. L. Hibbard & Co., Front St., next door to Alder.

Fresh Cargoes THREE TIMES A WEEK from our own deep water beds.

Also, Netarts Bay Oysters, and will deal in Eastern Oysters.

Orders solicited, by Express or otherwise, from all parts of the State, and promptly attended to.

au20dtf

G. W. WARREN & CO.

OYSTER DEPOT.

[illegible]

Fresh Shoalwater Bay Oysters,

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

On STARK STREET,

BETWEEN FRONT AND FIRST,

NEXT DOOR TO THE ORO FINO SALOON.

OYSTERS, $4 50 per Sack. Opened and Delivered, $1 per 100. All orders promptly attended to.

s6dtf

A. WING & CO.

OYSTERS

JUST OPENED.

NEW OYSTER SALOON!

AT

KEITH'S,

First Street, bet. Washington and Alder.

OYSTERS served in every style. Families and Parties supplied in the shell or opened.

s4d1m

J. SWAN.

OYSTERS!

THE FIRST LOT OF

FRESH SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS

AT

ALISKY & HECELE'S.

s2dtf

MYERS'

COMBINED FLUTING & FLAT-IRON

WILL BE ON SALE AT

JOHN R. FOSTER'S,

Cor. Front and Stark sts.

PERSONS ORDERING WILL PLEASE CALL AND GET THEIR MACHINES.

THE SIMPLEST, MOST ECONOMICAL AND MOST USEFUL INVENTION OF THE AGE!

Does ordinary Ironing as well as Fluting, and no trouble to heat or adjust.

Another Lot On the Way!

Price, only $2.75.

The Trade will soon be Supplied at Reasonable Rates.

H. T. LEVINS,
Agent for Oregon and Washington Ter.

au20dtf

A. JELLENECK,

IVORY TURNER,

SALMON STREET,

Opp. the Plaza,

Portland, Oregon.

All kinds of Ivory Goods on hand and made to order.

Repairs Meerschaum Pipes.

Every kind of Wood Turning and Artificial Work done to order.

je19tf

I HAVE RECEIVED AND HAVE FOR SALE

200 lbs Fine Cream Cheese,

260 lbs " Swiss " (very juicy)

4 dozen Strasburger Goose Liver

SARDELLEN.

Fresh Shoalwater Bay Oysters.

In every Style.

C. A. BURCHARDT,

s2d1m

GEM.

LOVE'S DAIRY.

THIS WELL-KNOWN DAIRY SPEAKS FOR ITSELF.

FROM AND AFTER SEPTEMBER 1ST, UNTIL further notice, I will charge

10 cents a Quart for Milk

Delivered to Private Families.

s1d1m

WM. LOVE.

MILK!

AS I FEED MY CATTLE ON GRASS ONLY I CAN furnish the BEST Milk brought to the city.

HOTELS, STORES and PRIVATE PARTIES supplied

At Low Prices Twice a Day!

STOP THE CART WHEN THE BELL RINGS.

☞ Leave your orders at McGinn's Bakery and at Marston & Newby's, Second street between Morrison and Yamhill.

JOHN RATHBURN,
Portland Dairy.

au16dlf

ATLANTIC WHITE LEAD,

BRUSHES, WALL PAPER,

WINDOW GLASS, ETC

GEO. L. STORY, 45 Front St.

jy26dtf

San Francisco.

N. W. SPAULDING,

Saw-Smithing & Repairing

ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 118 Pine Street, between Front and Battery,

SAN FRANCISCO.

N. W. SPAULDING'S PATENT FALSE TEETH INSERTED IN CIRCULAR SAWS.

REPAIRING, in all its branches, such as Gumming, Re-Toothing, Straightening, &c.

CIRCULAR SAWS of all sizes; also, Cross-cut, Mill, Muley, Gang, Buck, Butcher, and Hand Saws of all kinds together with a good assortment of Saw Arbours at lowest market rates.

Cast-Steel faced PLANER KNIVES and MOULDING CUTTERS always on hand, or made to order on short notice.

N. B.—Messrs. KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., Commission Merchants, Portland, Oregon, are my duly authorized Agents for Oregon, Washington and Idaho.

Orders sent through them by telegraph or otherwise will be filled at same rates as if sent to me direct.

Dec. 9, 1869. dtf

N. W. SPAULDING.

TRAVIS & WAGNER,

No. 21 First st., San Francisco, in Golden Gate Mill Warehouse,

MANUFACTURER OF

FRENCH BURR MILL STONES

AND PORTABLE MILLS.

AGENT FOR DUFOUR & CO'S CELEBRATED Dutch Anchor Bolting Cloths. Bolting Cloths made up. Smut Machines, Bran Dusters, Mill Irons, Spindles, Bails, Drivers, Steps, Regulating Screws, Silent Feeders, Pulleys, Proof Staffs, Hoisting Screws, Balls and Pins, Conveyor Flights and Plaster, Mill Picks, Mill Picks Dressed, Mill Stones Repaired and Rebuilt, Mill Stones Balanced, etc., etc.

C. F. TRAVIS. au3d5m S. WAGNER.

D. L. PHILLIPS. | JACOB S. TABER.

PHILLIPS, TABER & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers,

AND IMPORTERS OF

TEAS,

310 and 312 Front St.,

SAN FRANCISCO.

jel d6m

SHEET-IRON PIPE

The Risdon Iron & Locomotive Works,

Corner Howard and Beale streets,

San Francisco.

ARE PREPARED TO MAKE SHEET-IRON AND ASPHALTUM PIPE, of any size and for any pressure, and contract to lay the same where wanted, guaranteeing a perfect working pipe with the least amount of material.

CAR WHEELS.

All kinds of CAR WHEELS, AXLES and RAILROAD WORK made to order. Standard sizes of wheels constantly on hand. Wheels bored and pressed on, axles turned, etc., at REASONABLE RATES.

Risdon Iron and Locomotive Works.

je1d3m

JOSEPH MOORE, Superintendent.

Blake's Patent Steam

PUMPS

All sizes on hand. Send for a circular with price list.

BERRY & PLACE,

my1 112 and 114 California St., San Francisco.

Upper Columbia and Idaho.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION.

JOHN R. FOSTER & CO

UMATILLA, OREGON.

WE ARE FULLY PREPARED TO RECEIVE Consignments of Goods to be Forwarded to all points in Oregon, Idaho, Montana and Owyhee, and can offer superior inducements to shippers by having a large

Fire-Proof warehouse

For the Storage of goods, and a long experience which enables us to make shipments at the very lowest rates.

All matters connected with the Forwarding and Commission Business promptly attended to.

Consignments solicited. Mark goods, Care J R F & Co.

Always on hand a full Assortment of

Groceries, Provisions and Clothing

MECHANICS', MINERS' & BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS.

Also a large Stock of

IRON AND STEEL,

Which will be sold LOW FOR CASH.

d24dtf

JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.

NOTICE.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S

Fast Freight Line

TO IDAHO!

ON AND AFTER JULY 1, 1871, OUR RATES on FAST FREIGHT (on 50 pounds or upwards, not less than 45 pounds per cubic foot) will be as follows:

From Portland to La Grande..........13 cents per pound.
" " " Union..........12 " "
" " " Baker City..........16 " "
" " " Boise City..........22 " "
" " " Idaho City..........26 " "
" " " Silver City..........26 " "

WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Portland, July 1, 1871. jy1dtf

Markets.

SWAN ISLAND MARKET

MARCUS M. SPAULDING. | MORTON M. SPAULDING.

SPAULDING BROTHERS,

RETAIL DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

MEATS.

Particular attention given to serving

FAMILIES, HOTELS, RESTAURANTS & CHOP HOUSES

Orders delivered promptly to any part of the city.

Our facilities for serving the best of Meats are unsurpassed, and our customers can rely upon being served with the very best in the market, at

N. W. corner First and Oak streets.

Portland, Sept. 1, 1871. s1d3m

UNION MARKET,

Cor SECOND & WASHINGTON Sts

HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE INTEREST of SCHLOTH & SHERLOCK, in the above named Market, I am fully prepared to supply

ALL KINDS OF MEAT

Of GOOD QUALITY at the

LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

my12dtf

ISAAC BERGMAN.

REMOVAL.

Portland Market.

E. H. CARLING,

SECOND STREET, COR. MORRISON,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON hand the best of all kinds of MEATS. All orders delivered to any part of the City Free of Charge. KOSHER BEEF, VEAL and MUTTON always on hand.

Portland, Feb. 17, 1871. dtf

PACIFIC MARKET.

W. W. SPAULDING,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Fresh meats,

AND

PACKER of BEEF & PORK.

Highest Price paid for all kinds of FAT STOCK.

NO. 2 NORTH FRONT STREET,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

ja23 dawtf

Masonic Building Association.

NOTICE.

AT A MEETING OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE Association held at their office, Saturday evening, Sept. 2, 1871, an assessment, No. 5, of 12½ per cent, was levied on the Capital Stock, payable at the office of the Secretary, No. 102 Front street, on or before Oct. 1, 1871.

J. L. ATKINSON,
Secretary of the Association.

s6dtd

BOILED AND RAW LINSEED OIL

In Bbls. and Cases.

GEO. L. STORY,
45 Front street.

jy26dtf

Medical.

TO THE UNFORTUNATE.

NEW REMEDIES, NEW REMEDIES.

Dr. Gibbon's Dispensary,

623 KEARNEY STREET, NEAR COMMERCIAL, San Francisco. Established in 1854, for the treatment of Sexual and Seminal Diseases, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis in all its forms, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, etc. Skin Diseases (of years standing) and Ulcerated Legs successfully treated.

DR. GIBBON has the pleasure of announcing that he has returned from visiting the principal Hospitals of Europe, and has resumed practice at his Dispensary, 623 Kearney street, corner of Commercial, San Francisco, where his old patients and those requiring his services may find him.

The Doctor has spared neither time nor money in seeking out new remedies, and has returned with increased facilities for the alleviation of human suffering.

Horrible Diseases.

How many thousands of persons, both male and female, are there who are suffering out a miserable existence from the effects of secret indulgence, or [illegible] absorbed into the system! Look at their pallid and disfigured faces and their broken-down constitutions, disqualifying them for the happiness of marriage or the enjoyment of life. In this horrid situation they [illegible] and suffer until death closes the scene. Let parents, guardians, friends, attend to those who are [illegible] any of those horrible life-destroying maladies, that they are cared for and cured before it be too late. Send them immediately to Doctor Gibbon, a physician who has made private diseases his especial study for years, and who is certain to cure the most inveterate cases without mercury or any injurious drugs. It is important to those who are afflicted, or to those who are interested in the welfare of their friends, to be careful of the many pretended doctors who infest all cities, publishing their [illegible] curing all diseases in a few days, imposing upon the public by using the names of eminent physicians of Europe and other places. Be therefore careful and make strict inquiry, or you may fall into the hands of these charlatans.

Seminal Weakness.

Seminal Emissions, the consequence of self-abuse. This solitary vice, or depraved sexual indulgence, is practiced by the youth of both sexes to an unlimited extent, producing, with unerring certainty, the following train of morbid symptoms, unless combatted by scientific medical measures, viz: Sallow countenance, dark spots under the eyes, pain in the head, ringing in the ears, noise like the rustling of leaves and rattling of chariots, uneasiness about the loins, weakness of the limbs, confused vision, blunted intellect, loss of confidence, diffidence in approaching strangers, a dislike to form new acquaintances, a disposition to shun society, loss of memory, hectic flushes, pimples and various eruptions about the face, furred tongue, fetid breath, coughs, consumption, night sweats, monomania and frequent insanity. If relief be not obtained, should apply immediately, either in person or by letter, and have a cure effected by his new and scientific mode of treating this disease, which never fails of effecting a quick and radical cure. Dr. G. will give One Hundred Dollars to any person who will prove satisfactorily to him that he was cured of this complaint by any of the San Francisco quacks.

MARRIED MEN,

Or those who contemplate marriage, who are suffering under any of these fearful maladies, should not forget the sacred responsibility resting upon them nor delay to obtain immediate relief.

DOCTOR GIBBON is responsible, and will give to each patient a written instrument, binding himself to effect a permanent cure, or make no charge.

CURED AT HOME.

Persons at a distance may be CURED AT HOME by addressing a letter to Dr. Gibbon, stating case, symptoms, length of time the disease has continued, and have medicines promptly forwarded, free from damage and curiosity, to any part of the country, with full and plain directions. By inclosing Ten Dollars coin [illegible] letter through the Postoffice or through Wells, Fargo & Co., a package of medicine will be forwarded to any part of the Union.

All communications strictly confidential.

Caution to the Unfortunate.

Beware of the San Francisco quacks and pretenders who, with bogus sworn-to certificates, dupe the unwary. Some of the self-styled doctors, whose names are to be found in the daily and weekly newspapers of San Francisco and other places, are tradesmen and became lazy—too work at their trades. Some are tinsmiths, shoemakers, newspaper carriers, intelligence office keepers, etc. Look over the San Francisco Directory and you will not find their Medical Institutes in it, but you will find their former occupations in it. Look at the Directory for 1862 and 1863. The only way to avoid imposition is to make inquiry—it will cost you nothing, and may save you many regrets; for, as advertising physicians in eight cases out of ten are bogus, there is no safety in trusting any of them until you know who and what they are. Dr. Gibbon does not deceive people, by exhibiting bogus titles, certificates, pretended, patients' letters, etc. Dr. Gibbon will satisfy persons who may call at his office of his ability to treat diseases that he proposes to cure.

Address DR. J. F. GIBBON, 623 Kearny street, near Commercial, San Francisco. Post Office Box 1,957. REMEMBER TO PUT BOX 1,957 ON THE LETTER. Consultations FREE.

☞ Correspondents will please inform Dr. G. where they read his advertisement in the Daily Oregonian.

ly26dpt

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned Assignee of the estate of Herman S. Brewster, Bankrupt, will, on the 30th day of September, A. D. 1871, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 12 o'clock M. of said day, at the Court House door in Multnomah county, State of Oregon, sell at auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest which the said Bankrupt had in the property hereinafter described on the 22d day of April, A. D. 1869, or which his estate in bankruptcy or said assignee has acquired therein, to-wit: situated and being in the town of Oro Dell, county of Union, State of Oregon, and consisting of Lots numbered One (1), Nine (9), Four (4) and Five (5) in Block numbered Nine (9); also, all of fractional Block number Twelve (12), also, [illegible] numbered Nineteen and Twenty [illegible] and 22), also, Blocks numbered Four (4), Five (5), S[illegible] (6), Seven (7), Fourteen (14), and Fifteen (15) in said town of Oro Dell.

Dated this 6th day of September, A. D. 1871.

JOHN PETERS,
Assignee of the estate of H. S. Brewster.

s6dtd

G. W. VOTTUM,

PRACTICAL

BOOK BINDER

94 FRONT ST.,

Opp. Milwain's Store,

BLANK BOOKS

Made to order and ruled to any pattern, with or without printed heads.

MAGAZINES AND MUSIC BOOKS bound at San Francisco prices.

Book & Job Printing Neatly Executed.

s13

L. A. GODDARD,

PROPRIETOR OF THE

OREGON

Livery & Hack Stable,

THE FINEST STOCK IN THE CITY.

HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD AND BOARDED AT REASONABLE RATES.

Hacks on Call Day and Night.

Nos. 114 & 116 Second St., cor. Morrison,

je8 PORTLAND, OREGON.

FOR HONOLULU,

Sandwich Islands.

THE A 1 CLIPPER BARKENTINE

"JANE A. FALKINBURG,"

WM. CATHCART..........Master,

Will have immediate dispatch.

For Freight or Passage, apply to the Captain on Board or to

ALLEN & LEWIS.

Portland, Sept. 5th, 1871. s6dtf

First Vessel for San Francisco.

The Clipper Barque

HATTIE C. BESSE,

WIGGIN..........Master.

HAVING THE GREATER PART OF HER CARGO engaged will have quick dispatch for the above port. For further particulars enquire of the Captain on board at ABERNETHY'S WHARF.

Portland, Sept. 20, 1871. s20dtf

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE FIRM OF BORIES & FREIMAN, OF THE San Francisco Boot and Shoe Store, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. Bories retiring from the business.

H. BORIES,
J. FREIMAN.

The undersigned will continue the business at the old stand, 125 First street, under the name and firm of Freiman & Crone, and will settle all liabilities of the old firm, also, will collect the accounts due the same.

J. FREIMAN,
G. E. CRONE.

s6d1m

CARMEN ISLAND SALT

WARRANTED PURE.

ROCK, COARSE-GROUND, DAIRY AND TABLE SALT, always on hand and for sale in quantities to suit.

HOLLADAY & BRENHAM,
Sole Agents, San Francisco.

fe6dtf

To all Concerned:

WHEREAS MY WIFE CATHARINE HAS LEFT my house and Board, I hereby give notice that I will pay no debts of her contracting.

WILLIAM SCHEFFMAN.

Dalles City, Oregon, August 24, 1871. s07d4w

VOL XI.

SUPPLEMENT.

What History Says of Jefferson.

Not by a great deal are we done with o neighbor of the *Herald* on Jefferson. We m not give so many articles on the man w originated secession as he does, for other su jects demand our attention. But we are co tent to put into one article matter that kee him employed for a week.

We get back to Jefferson here because have some space at our disposal, and becau it seems proper enough to examine some the statements made by the Democratic gan. The organ has it that Jefferson was sole author of the Declaration of Indepen ence, and that he borrowed from nobody. our exposition of the facts in regard to Mecklenburg Declaration, it answers th Jefferson wrote in 1774 a "Summary View the Rights of British America," which doc ment appeared a year before the Mecklenbu Declaration; that this "Summary View c tained the germ" of the Declaration at Phi delphia, and therefore that if there was p giarism by anybody the man who wrote Mecklenburg paper was the plagiarist.

Now this might be very well if anythi could be quoted from the "Summary Vie to sustain it. Until that is done the assum tion fails. The fact is undeniable that several passages the language of the Decla tion of Independence is *identical* with that the Mecklenburg document. It cannot shown that there is anything to correspo with this language in the "Summary View It is incontestible that the Mecklenburg do ument is genuine. That fact has been esta lished beyond all controversy. The invest gation ordered by the North Carolina Legi lature set the matter fully at rest, and tho who afterwards pretended to question it we regarded as unworthy of notice. Now ho can the fact be accounted for that the ex language of the Mecklenburg paper was us by Jefferson? How, except on the suppo tion, or rather on the certainty, that he ma use of that document in compiling the Decl ration?

It is well known that he borrowed large from other documents which had been pu lished before 1776. In many places the exa phraseology of an address prepared in 17 by John Jay was used. So of the Virgin Bill of Rights, drawn by George Mason. W might prove this by parallel passages, as w have already done in the case of the Meckle burg Declaration.

The fact is, the doctrines set forth in th Declaration of Independence had long be familiar to the American mind. The ide had been uttered by all the eminent men the time, and had been echoed in innume able public meetings. The Declaration drawn by Jefferson contained nothing ne That it was a well-prepared compilation not doubted. But the point under conside ation is, that all the more striking portions the document, all the best turned expression were borrowed from other sources, and th Jefferson when questioned on the subject li about it and claimed the whole as h own. Admit that the "Summary Vie contained the germ,"—though it contained no more than Jay's address and innumerab other documents did,—how then is the fa to be accounted for that whole passages the Declaration are exactly copied from do uments written by others and known to earlier? It is not the "germ" that we talking about; it is the close likeness whole passages, the repetition of phrases, pressions and sentences, which is absolut impossible except where one writer borro from another.

Now as to Jefferson's veracity. We stat the other day that he habitually lied wh he wanted to advance his own interest or jure those who were in his way. Such pla speaking horrifies the *Herald*. That is becau it don't know Jefferson. It is only necess to read his writings to convict him in in merable places of prevarication and inver ty. This was not known so well during lifetime, because he was close and secret and enjoined secrecy on those to whom correspondence was addressed. When "Works" were published, a flood of lig was let in upon the character of the man. then became known how he had worked the dark mines of deceit and faction; how had slandered leading men of the coun with whom he had professed, hypocritical to be on terms of the warmest friendshi how he had incited his political lieutenants make bitter war on the administrations Washington and Adams; how he had m represented those Presidents and their me ures; how he had even attacked the chara ter of Washington, and when taxed with lied to escape the consequences; how he accused Washington and Hamilton and A ams of a design to overturn the Republic establish a monarchy; how he had repeat ly declared that Washington and others w truckling to England and were humiliat their country before that power; how he spired newspaper attacks on the administ tions of Washington and Adams and patr ized, supported and encouraged the writ employed in that business, though all while making professions of friendship fidelity to those who were thus assailed slandered;—how in short, he pursued course of the deepest duplicity and dissi lation and acted a part which even his pa gyrists are unable to defend. All these thi became known, but they were known so that the public had less interest in them t if they had been divulged while Jefferson the men who were the objects of his fa hoods and slanders were still living.

His connection with Freneau, editor paper which was incessant in its attacks Washington and the measures of his adm istration, was well known. He took Freneau under his patronage and gave an official appointment, and when Wash ton intimated that this calumniator ough be dismissed, Jefferson refused to do it. statement is given by Jefferson hi in his *Ana*, where he takes occasion to p Freneau and extol his paper as having the Republic, which, under Washing management, he asserted was fast gallo into a monarchy.

Yet though Freneau's *Gazette* echoe